

### CD68 Antibody(Ascites)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM1996a

## **Specification**

## CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P34810

Other Accession NP\_001242.2, NP\_001035148.1

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Monoclonal

Isotype IgG1
Calculated MW 37408
Antigen Region 133-160

## CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 968

### **Other Names**

Macrosialin, Gp110, CD68, CD68

## Target/Specificity

This CD68 antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 133-160 amino acids from human CD68.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000~4000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

### **Format**

Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

CD68 Antibody(Ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - Protein Information

# Name CD68

**Function** Could play a role in phagocytic activities of tissue macrophages, both in intracellular lysosomal metabolism and extracellular cell-cell and cell-pathogen interactions. Binds to tissue-







and organ-specific lectins or selectins, allowing homing of macrophage subsets to particular sites. Rapid recirculation of CD68 from endosomes and lysosomes to the plasma membrane may allow macrophages to crawl over selectin-bearing substrates or other cells.

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform Short]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

#### **Tissue Location**

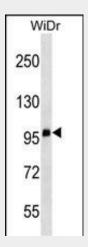
Highly expressed by blood monocytes and tissue macrophages. Also expressed in lymphocytes, fibroblasts and endothelial cells. Expressed in many tumor cell lines which could allow them to attach to selectins on vascular endothelium, facilitating their dissemination to secondary sites.

# CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - Images



CD68 Antibody (Cat. #AM1996a) western blot analysis in WiDr cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the CD68/CD68 (kpi) antibody detected the CD68/CD68 (kpi) protein (arrow).

## CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - Background

This gene encodes a 110-kD transmembrane glycoprotein that is highly expressed by human monocytes and tissue macrophages. It is a member of the lysosomal/endosomal-associated membrane glycoprotein (LAMP) family. The protein primarily localizes to lysosomes and endosomes with a smaller fraction circulating to the cell surface. It is a type I integral membrane protein with a heavily glycosylated extracellular domain and binds to tissue- and organ-specific lectins or selectins. The protein is also a member





of the scavenger receptor family. Scavenger receptors typically function to clear cellular debris, promote phagocytosis, and mediate the recruitment and activation of macrophages. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcripts encoding different isoforms.

# CD68 Antibody(Ascites) - References

Leonarduzzi, G., et al. Mol Nutr Food Res 54 SUPPL 1, S31-S41 (2010): Strojnik, T., et al. Anticancer Res. 29(8):3269-3279(2009) Sayed, S., et al. Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg 38(1):20-25(2009) Suzuki, Y., et al. Int J Rheum Dis 12(1):7-13(2009) Chen, W.S., et al. Scand. J. Rheumatol. 38(2):154-155(2009)