

**SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP12188c****Specification**

---

**SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [P12236](#)**SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 293

**Other Names**

ADP/ATP translocase 3, ADP, ATP carrier protein 3, ADP, ATP carrier protein, isoform T2, ANT 2, Adenine nucleotide translocator 3, ANT 3, Solute carrier family 25 member 6, ADP/ATP translocase 3, N-terminally processed, SLC25A6, ANT3

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name SLC25A6 ([HGNC:10992](#))**Function**

ADP:ATP antiporter that mediates import of ADP into the mitochondrial matrix for ATP synthesis, and export of ATP out to fuel the cell (By similarity). Cycles between the cytoplasmic-open state (c-state) and the matrix-open state (m-state): operates by the alternating access mechanism with a single substrate-binding site intermittently exposed to either the cytosolic (c-state) or matrix (m-state) side of the inner mitochondrial membrane (By similarity). In addition to its ADP:ATP antiporter activity, also involved in mitochondrial uncoupling and mitochondrial permeability transition pore (mPTP) activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15033708" target="\_blank">15033708</a>). Plays a role in mitochondrial uncoupling by acting as a proton transporter: proton transport uncouples the proton flows via the electron transport chain and ATP synthase to reduce the efficiency of ATP production and cause mitochondrial thermogenesis (By similarity). Proton transporter activity is inhibited by ADP:ATP antiporter activity, suggesting that SLC25A6/ANT3 acts as a master regulator of mitochondrial energy output by maintaining a delicate balance between ATP production (ADP:ATP antiporter activity) and thermogenesis (proton transporter activity) (By similarity). Proton transporter activity requires free fatty acids as cofactor, but does not transport it (By similarity). Also plays a key role in mPTP opening, a non-specific pore that enables free passage of the mitochondrial membranes to solutes of up to 1.5 kDa, and which

contributes to cell death (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15033708" target="\_blank">15033708</a>). It is however unclear if SLC25A6/ANT3 constitutes a pore-forming component of mPTP or regulates it (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P02722}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=The complex formed with ARL2BP, ARL2 and SLC25A6/ANT3 is expressed in mitochondria (By similarity). May localize to non-mitochondrial membranes (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P12235}

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in erythrocytes (at protein level).

### **SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Images**

### **SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Background**

This gene is a member of the mitochondrial carriersubfamily of solute carrier protein genes. The product of this genefunctions as a gated pore that translocates ADP from themitochondrial matrix into the cytoplasm. The protein is implicatedin the function of the permability transition pore complex (PTPC),which regulates the release of mitochondrial products that induceapoptosis. The human genome contains several non-transcribedpseudogenes of this gene.

### **SLC25A6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - References**

Danishuddin, M., et al. J Mol Model 16(3):535-541(2010)Hu, Z., et al. FEBS Lett. 583(2):383-388(2009)Yang, Z., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 18(11):4681-4689(2007)Tu, L.C., et al. Mol. Cell Proteomics 6(4):575-588(2007)Jang, J.Y., et al. Cell. Immunol. 241(1):14-25(2006)