

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP12256a

Specification

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q8N201</u>

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 26173

Other Names Integrator complex subunit 1, Int1, INTS1, KIAA1440

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name INTS1

Synonyms KIAA1440

Function

Component of the Integrator (INT) complex, a complex involved in the small nuclear RNAs (snRNA) U1 and U2 transcription and in their 3'-box-dependent processing. The Integrator complex is associated with the C-terminal domain (CTD) of RNA polymerase II largest subunit (POLR2A) and is recruited to the U1 and U2 snRNAs genes (Probable). Mediates recruitment of cytoplasmic dynein to the nuclear envelope, probably as component of the INT complex (PubMed:23904267).

Cellular Location Nucleus membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



Blocking Peptides

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Images

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Background

INTS1 is a subunit of the Integrator complex, whichassociates with the C-terminal domain of RNA polymerase II largesubunit (POLR2A; MIM 180660) and mediates 3-prime end processing ofsmall nuclear RNAs U1 (RNU1; MIM 180680) and U2 (RNU2; MIM 180690)(Baillat et al., 2005 [PubMed 16239144]).

INTS1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - References

Nusbaum, C., et al. Nature 439(7074):331-335(2006)Baillat, D., et al. Cell 123(2):265-276(2005)Clark, H.F., et al. Genome Res. 13(10):2265-2270(2003)