

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP12338c**Specification**

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [O14548](#)

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 9167

Other Names

Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7A-related protein, mitochondrial, COX7a-related protein,
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIa-related protein, EB1, COX7A2L, COX7AR, COX7RP

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name COX7A2L

Synonyms COX7AR, COX7RP

Function

Involved in the regulation of oxidative phosphorylation and energy metabolism (By similarity).
Necessary for the assembly of mitochondrial respiratory supercomplex (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion inner membrane.

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Images

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Background

Cytochrome c oxidase (COX), the terminal component of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, catalyzes the electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to oxygen. This component is a heteromeric complex consisting of 3 catalytic subunits encoded by mitochondrial genes and multiple structural subunits encoded by nuclear genes. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits function in electron transfer, and the nuclear-encoded subunits may function in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This nuclear gene encodes a protein similar to polypeptides 1 and 2 of subunit VII in the C-terminal region, and also highly similar to the mouse Sig81 protein sequence. This gene is expressed in all tissues, and upregulated in a breast cancer cell line after estrogen treatment. It is possible that this gene represents a regulatory subunit of COX and mediates the higher level of energy production in target cells by estrogen.

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - References

Fornuskova, D., et al. Biochem. J. 428(3):363-374(2010) Wheeler, H.E., et al. PLoS Genet. 5 (10), E1000685 (2009) :Wang, L., et al. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 17(12):3558-3566(2008) Schmidt, T.R., et al. J. Mol. Evol. 57(2):222-228(2003) Lee, N., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 68(2):397-409(2001)