

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP12627c**Specification**

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q13541](#)**EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 1978**Other Names**

Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 1, 4E-BP1, eIF4E-binding protein 1, Phosphorylated heat- and acid-stable protein regulated by insulin 1, PHAS-I, EIF4EBP1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name** EIF4EBP1**Function**

Repressor of translation initiation that regulates EIF4E activity by preventing its assembly into the eIF4F complex: hypophosphorylated form competes with EIF4G1/EIF4G3 and strongly binds to EIF4E, leading to repress translation. In contrast, hyperphosphorylated form dissociates from EIF4E, allowing interaction between EIF4G1/EIF4G3 and EIF4E, leading to initiation of translation. Mediates the regulation of protein translation by hormones, growth factors and other stimuli that signal through the MAP kinase and mTORC1 pathways.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Localization to the nucleus is unaffected by phosphorylation status. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q60876}

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Images

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes one member of a family of translation repressor proteins. The protein directly interacts with eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E (eIF4E), which is a limiting component of the multisubunit complex that recruits 40S ribosomal subunits to the 5' end of mRNAs. Interaction of this protein with eIF4E inhibits complex assembly and represses translation. This protein is phosphorylated in response to various signals including UV irradiation and insulin signaling, resulting in its dissociation from eIF4E and activation of mRNA translation. [provided by RefSeq].

EIF4EBP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - References

She, Q.B., et al. Cancer Cell 18(1):39-51(2010) Aoyagi, M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(6):2640-2645(2010) Naukkarinen, J., et al. PLoS Genet. 6 (6), E1000976 (2010) :Kumar, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (1), E8730 (2010) :Villalonga, P., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(51):35287-35296(2009)