

**C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP12928b****Specification**

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**C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession [O96LT7](#)  
Other Accession [NP\\_659442.2](#), [NP\\_060795.1](#)

**C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 203228

**Other Names**  
Protein C9orf72, C9orf72

**Format**  
Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**  
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**  
This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**

**Name** C9orf72 ([HGNC:28337](#))

**Function**  
Component of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex, a complex that has guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) activity and regulates autophagy (PubMed:[27193190](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27193190), PubMed:[27103069](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27103069), PubMed:[27617292](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27617292), PubMed:[28195531](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28195531), PubMed:[32303654](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32303654)). In the complex, C9orf72 and SMCR8 probably constitute the catalytic subunits that promote the exchange of GDP to GTP, converting inactive GDP-bound RAB8A and RAB39B into their active GTP-bound form, thereby promoting autophagosome maturation (PubMed:[27103069](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27103069)). The C9orf72-SMCR8 complex also acts as a regulator of autophagy initiation by interacting with the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex and modulating its protein kinase activity (PubMed:[27617292](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27617292)). As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex, stimulates RAB8A and RAB11A GTPase activity in vitro (PubMed:[32303654](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32303654)). Positively regulates initiation of autophagy by regulating the RAB1A-dependent trafficking of the ULK1/ATG1

kinase complex to the phagophore which leads to autophagosome formation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27334615" target="\_blank">27334615</a>). Acts as a regulator of mTORC1 signaling by promoting phosphorylation of mTORC1 substrates (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27559131" target="\_blank">27559131</a>). Plays a role in endosomal trafficking (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24549040" target="\_blank">24549040</a>). May be involved in regulating the maturation of phagosomes to lysosomes (By similarity). Promotes the lysosomal localization and lysosome-mediated degradation of CARM1 which leads to inhibition of starvation-induced lipid metabolism (By similarity). Regulates actin dynamics in motor neurons by inhibiting the GTP-binding activity of ARF6, leading to ARF6 inactivation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723745" target="\_blank">27723745</a>). This reduces the activity of the LIMK1 and LIMK2 kinases which are responsible for phosphorylation and inactivation of cofilin, leading to CFL1/cofilin activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723745" target="\_blank">27723745</a>). Positively regulates axon extension and axon growth cone size in spinal motor neurons (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723745" target="\_blank">27723745</a>). Required for SMCR8 protein expression and localization at pre- and post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain, also regulates protein abundance of RAB3A and GRIA1/GLUR1 in post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain and hippocampus (By similarity). Plays a role within the hematopoietic system in restricting inflammation and the development of autoimmunity (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, P-body. Cytoplasm, Stress granule. Endosome Lysosome Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome Secreted. Cell projection, axon. Cell projection, growth cone. Perikaryon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6DFW0}. Note=Detected in the cytoplasm of neurons from brain tissue (PubMed:21944778). Detected in the nucleus in fibroblasts (PubMed:21944779). During corticogenesis, transitions from being predominantly cytoplasmic to a more even nucleocytoplasmic distribution (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6DFW0, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21944778, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21944779, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27037575} [Isoform 2]: Nucleus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Nucleus. Note=Detected at the nuclear membrane of cerebellar Purkinje cells and spinal motor neurons. Also shows diffuse nuclear expression in spinal motor neurons

#### **Tissue Location**

Both isoforms are widely expressed, including kidney, lung, liver, heart, testis and several brain regions, such as cerebellum. Also expressed in the frontal cortex and in lymphoblasts (at protein level).

### **C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images**

### **C9orf72 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References**

Suarez-Gestal, M., et al. Arthritis Res. Ther. 12 (2), R72 (2010) :van Es, M.A., et al. Nat. Genet. 41(10):1083-1087(2009)Humphray, S.J., et al. Nature 429(6990):369-374(2004)