

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP1327c

Specification

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 835

Other Names

Caspase-2, CASP-2, Neural precursor cell expressed developmentally down-regulated protein 2, NEDD-2, Protease ICH-1, Caspase-2 subunit p18, Caspase-2 subunit p13, Caspase-2 subunit p12, CASP2, ICH1, NEDD2

P42575

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP1327c was selected from the Center region of human CASP2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name CASP2

Synonyms ICH1, NEDD2

Function

target="_blank">15073321). Associates with PIDD1 and CRADD to form the PIDDosome, a complex that activates CASP2 and triggers apoptosis in response to genotoxic stress (PubMed:15073321).

Tissue Location



Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Expressed at higher levels in the embryonic lung, liver and kidney than in the heart and brain. In adults, higher level expression is seen in the placenta, lung, kidney, and pancreas than in the heart, brain, liver and skeletal muscle

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

CASP2 is a protein which is a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. The protein exist as inactive proenzymes which undergo proteolytic processing at conserved aspartic residues to produce two subunits, large and small, that dimerize to form the active enzyme. The proteolytic cleavage of this protein is induced by a variety of apoptotic stimuli.

CASP2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Lan, Q., Morton, L.M. Blood (2009) In pressShi, M., Vivian, C.J. Cell 136 (3), 508-520 (2009) Paroni, G., Henderson, C. J. Biol. Chem. 276 (24), 21907-21915 (2001) Tiso, N., Pallavicini, A. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 225 (3), 983-989 (1996)