

#### **ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide** Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP8891b

## Specification

# ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q9C0D3</u>

## ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 79699

**Other Names** Protein zyg-11 homolog B, ZYG11B, KIAA1730

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/products/AP8891b>AP8891b</a> was selected from the C-term region of human ZYG11B. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name ZYG11B (<u>HGNC:25820</u>)

Synonyms KIAA1730

#### Function

Serves as substrate adapter subunit in the E3 ubiquitin ligase complex ZYG11B-CUL2-Elongin BC. Acts to target substrates bearing N-terminal degrons for proteasomal degradation with the first four residues of substrates being the key recognition elements (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33093214" target="\_blank">33093214</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34214466" target="\_blank">34214466</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34214466" target="\_blank">34214466</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35636250" target="\_blank">35636250</a>). Prefers Nt-Gly but also has the capacity to recognize Nt-Ser, -Ala and -Cys (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36496439" target="\_blank">36496439</a>). Involved in the clearance of proteolytic fragments generated by caspase cleavage during apoptosis since N-terminal glycine degrons are strongly enriched at caspase cleavage sites. Also important in the



quality control of protein N-myristoylation in which N-terminal glycine degrons are conditionally exposed after a failure of N- myristoylation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31273098" target="\_blank">31273098</a>). In addition, plays a role in the amplification of cGAS to enhance innate immune response. Mechanistically, strengthens the processes of cGAS binding with dsDNA and assembling oligomers and also accelerates and stabilizes cGAS-DNA condensation, thereby enhancing production of antiviral IFNs and inflammatory cytokines (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36933219">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36933219"</a>

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

## ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

#### ZYG11B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

ZYG11B probably acts as target recruitment subunit in the E3 ubiquitin ligase complex ZYG11B-CUL2-Elongin BC.

#### **ZYG11B** Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Vasudevan, S., et.al., EMBO Rep. 8 (3), 279-286 (2007)