

# **Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody**

Catalog # ABO10014

# **Specification**

# **Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession P09429
Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Clonality Polyclonal Lyophilized

**Description** 

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for High mobility group protein B1(HMGB1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human; Mouse; Rat.

#### Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

# **Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 3146** 

#### **Other Names**

High mobility group protein B1, High mobility group protein 1, HMG-1, HMGB1, HMG1

Calculated MW 24894 MW KDa

#### **Application Details**

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1  $\mu$ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat<br/>br> <br/>Western blot, 0.1-0.5  $\mu$ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br/>br>

## **Subcellular Localization**

Nucleus . Chromosome . Cytoplasm . Secreted . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Extracellular side . Endosome . Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment . In basal state predominantly nuclear. Shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus (PubMed:12231511, PubMed:17114460). Translocates from the nucleus to the cytoplasm upon autophagy stimulation (PubMed:20819940). Release from macrophages in the extracellular milieu requires the activation of NLRC4 or NLRP3 inflammasomes (By similarity). Passively released to the extracellular milieu from necrotic cells by diffusion, involving the fully reduced HGMB1 which subsequently gets oxidized (PubMed:19811284). Also released from apoptic cells (PubMed:16855214, PubMed:18631454). Active secretion from a variety of immune and non-immune cells such as macrophages, monocytes, neutrophils, dendritic cells and natural killer cells in response to various stimuli such as LPS and cytokines involves a nonconventional secretory process via secretory lysosomes (PubMed:12231511, PubMed:14532127, PubMed:15944249). Secreted by plasma cells in response to LPS (By similarity). Found on the surface of activated platelets (PubMed:11154118).

**Tissue Specificity** 



Ubiquituous. Expressed in platelets (PubMed:11154118). .

#### **Protein Name**

High mobility group protein B1

#### **Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

### **Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human HMGB1 (124-154aa DVAKKLGEMWNNTAADDKQPYEKKAAKLKEK), identical to the related mouse and rat sequences.

#### **Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

## **Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

Name HMGB1 (HGNC:4983)

**Synonyms HMG1** 

### **Function**

Multifunctional redox sensitive protein with various roles in different cellular compartments. In the nucleus is one of the major chromatin-associated non-histone proteins and acts as a DNA chaperone involved in replication, transcription, chromatin remodeling, V(D)] recombination, DNA repair and genome stability (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33147444" target=" blank">33147444</a>). Proposed to be an universal biosensor for nucleic acids. Promotes host inflammatory response to sterile and infectious signals and is involved in the coordination and integration of innate and adaptive immune responses. In the cytoplasm functions as a sensor and/or chaperone for immunogenic nucleic acids implicating the activation of TLR9-mediated immune responses, and mediates autophagy. Acts as a danger-associated molecular pattern (DAMP) molecule that amplifies immune responses during tissue injury (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27362237" target=" blank">27362237</a>). Released to the extracellular environment can bind DNA, nucleosomes, IL-1 beta, CXCL12, AGER isoform 2/sRAGE, lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA), and activates cells through engagement of multiple surface receptors (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34743181" target=" blank">34743181</a>). In the extracellular compartment fully reduced HMGB1 (released by necrosis) acts as a chemokine, disulfide HMGB1 (actively secreted) as a cytokine, and sulfonyl HMGB1 (released from apoptotic cells) promotes immunological tolerance (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23446148" target="\_blank">23446148</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519706" target="\_blank">23519706</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23994764" target="blank">23994764</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25048472" target="blank">25048472</a>). Has

proangiogdenic activity (By similarity). May be involved in platelet activation (By similarity). Binds to phosphatidylserine and phosphatidylethanolamide (By similarity). Bound to RAGE mediates signaling for neuronal outgrowth (By similarity). May play a role in accumulation of expanded



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polyglutamine (polyQ) proteins such as huntingtin (HTT) or TBP (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23303669" target=" blank">23303669</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25549101" target="blank">25549101</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10103, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000305}. Cytoplasm. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158. ECO:0000269|PubMed:12231511, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14532127, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15944249, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19811284, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22869893, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33147444}. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11154118}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11154118}; Extracellular side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11154118}. Endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158} Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158}. Note=In basal state predominantly nuclear. Shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus (PubMed:12231511, PubMed:17114460). Translocates from the nucleus to the cytoplasm upon autophagy stimulation (PubMed:20819940). Release from macrophages in the extracellular milieu requires the activation of NLRC4 or NLRP3 inflammasomes (By similarity). Passively released to the extracellular milieu from necrotic cells by diffusion, involving the fully reduced HGMB1 which subsequently gets oxidized (PubMed:19811284) Also released from apoptotic cells (PubMed:16855214, PubMed:18631454) Active secretion from a variety of immune and non-immune cells such as macrophages, monocytes, neutrophils, dendritic cells and natural killer cells in response to various stimuli such as LPS and cytokines involves a nonconventional secretory process via secretory lysosomes (PubMed:12231511, PubMed:14532127, PubMed:15944249). Secreted by plasma cells in response to LPS (By similarity). Found on the surface of activated platelets (PubMed:11154118). An increased chromatin association is observed when associated with the adenovirus protein pVII (PubMed:27362237). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11154118, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12231511, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14532127, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15944249, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16855214, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17114460, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18631454. ECO:0000269|PubMed:19811284, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20819940, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27362237, ECO:0000305|PubMed:20123072}

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous. Expressed in platelets (PubMed:11154118).

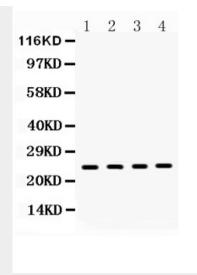
## Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

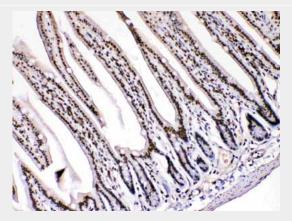
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody - Images

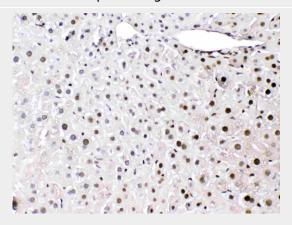




Western blot analysis of HMGB1 expression in rat brain extract (lane 1), mouse ovary extract (lane 2), 22RV1 whole cell lysates (lane 3) and HELA whole cell lysates (lane 4). HMGB1 at 25KD was detected using rabbit anti- HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog #ABO10014) at  $0.5 \, \hat{l}_{4}$ g/mL. The blot was developed using chemiluminescence (ECL) method .

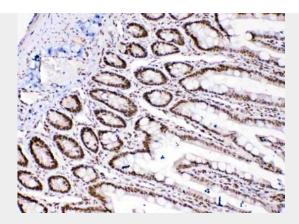


HMGB1 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of mouse intestine tissues using rabbit anti-HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10014) at 1  $\hat{l}_{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

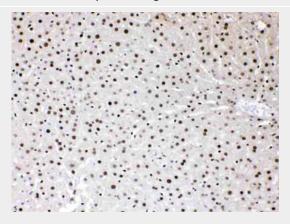


HMGB1 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of mouse liver tissues using rabbit anti-HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10014) at 1  $\hat{l}^4$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

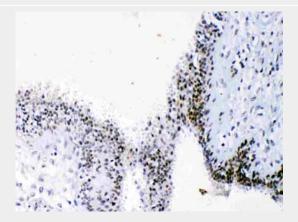




HMGB1 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of rat intestine tissues using rabbit anti-HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10014) at 1  $\hat{l}_{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

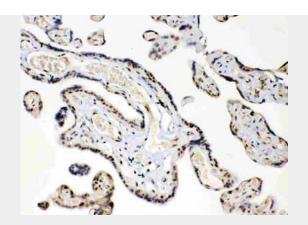


HMGB1 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of rat liver tissues using rabbit anti- HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10014) at 1  $\hat{l}^{1}_{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .



HMGB1 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human mammary cancer tissues using rabbit anti- HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10014) at 1  $\hat{l}_{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .





HMGB1 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human placenta tissues using rabbit anti-HMGB1 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10014) at 1  $\hat{l}_{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

# **Anti-HMGB1 Picoband Antibody - Background**

High mobility group box 1 protein, also known as high-mobility group protein 1 (HMG-1) and amphoterin, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the HMGB1 gene. This gene encodes a protein that belongs to the High Mobility Group-box superfamily. The encoded non-histone, nuclear DNA-binding protein regulates transcription, and is involved in organization of DNA. This protein plays a role in several cellular processes, including inflammation, cell differentiation and tumor cell migration. Multiple pseudogenes of this gene have been identified. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein.