

Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody

Catalog # ABO10542

### Specification

## Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody - Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP01138HostRabbitReactivityHuman, Mouse, RatClonalityPolyclonalFormatLyophilizedDescriptionRabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Beta-nerve growth factor(NGF) detection. Tested with WB inHuman; Mouse; Rat.

**Reconstitution** Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

### Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4803

**Other Names** Beta-nerve growth factor, Beta-NGF, NGF, NGFB

Calculated MW 26959 MW KDa

**Application Details** Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human, Rat, Mouse<br>

Subcellular Localization Secreted.

Protein Name Beta-nerve growth factor(Beta-NGF)

**Contents** Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human NGF(162-173aa EVNINNSVFKQY), identical to the related rat sequence, and different from the related mouse sequence by one amino acid.

**Purification** Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity** 



No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities Belongs to the NGF-beta family.

### Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody - Protein Information

Name NGF

Synonyms NGFB

#### Function

Nerve growth factor is important for the development and maintenance of the sympathetic and sensory nervous systems (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14976160" target="\_blank">14976160</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20978020" target="\_blank">20978020</a>). Extracellular ligand for the NTRK1 and NGFR receptors, activates cellular signaling cascades to regulate neuronal proliferation, differentiation and survival (Probable) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20978020" target="\_blank">20978020</a>). The immature NGF precursor (proNGF) functions as a ligand for the heterodimeric receptor formed by SORCS2 and NGFR, and activates cellular signaling cascades that lead to inactivation of RAC1 and/or RAC2, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and neuronal growth cone collapse. In contrast to mature NGF, the precursor form (proNGF) promotes neuronal apoptosis (in vitro) (By similarity). Inhibits metalloproteinase-dependent proteolysis of platelet glycoprotein VI (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20164177" target="\_blank">20164177</a>). Binds lysophosphatidylinositol and lysophosphatidylserine between the two chains of the homodimer. The lipid-bound form promotes histamine relase from mast cells, contrary to the lipid-free form (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted. Endosome lumen {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P01139}. Note=ProNGF is endocytosed after binding to the cell surface receptor formed by SORT1 and NGFR {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P01139}

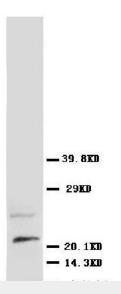
### Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

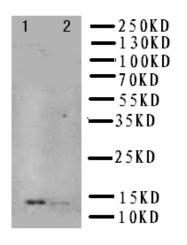
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody - Images





Anti-NGF antibody, ABO10542, Western blottingWB: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate



Anti-NGF antibody, ABO10542, Western blottingLane 1: Recombinant Human NGFB Protein 10ngLane 2: Recombinant Human NGFB Protein 5ng

# Anti-NGF/NGF beta Antibody - Background

Nerve growth factor is a polypeptide involved in the regulation of growth and differentiation of sympathetic and certain sensory neurons. The nucleotide sequence of human and mouse beta-NGF are very similar. The beta-subunits of nerve growth factor(NGFB) have been assigned to mouse chromosome 3 and human chromosome 1p22. The human gene for the beta subunit of nerve growth factor is located on the proximal short arm of chromosome 1. A mutation in the nerve growth factor beta gene(NGFB) causes loss of pain perception.