

Anti-XAF1 Antibody

Catalog # ABO10598

Specification

Anti-XAF1 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession Q6GPH4
Host Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for XIAP-associated factor 1(XAF1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-XAF1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 54739

Other Names

XIAP-associated factor 1, BIRC4-binding protein, XAF1, BIRC4BP, XIAPAF1

Calculated MW

34626 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, By Heat
blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human
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Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Mitochondrion. Found in the cytoplasm and nucleus of placental syncytiotrophoblasts. Translocates to mitochondria upon TNF-alpha treatment.

Tissue Specificity

Widely expressed. Expression is frequently down-regulated in cancer cell lines. Isoform 5 is widely expressed. Expressed in placenta (at protein level). .

Protein Name

XIAP-associated factor 1

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human XAF1(283-301aa QEKCRWLASSKGKQVRNFS).





Purification Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross ReactivityNo cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence SimilaritiesContains 1 TRAF-type zinc finger.

Anti-XAF1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name XAF1

Synonyms BIRC4BP, XIAPAF1

Function

Seems to function as a negative regulator of members of the IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein) family. Inhibits anti-caspase activity of BIRC4. Induces cleavage and inactivation of BIRC4 independent of caspase activation. Mediates TNF-alpha-induced apoptosis and is involved in apoptosis in trophoblast cells. May inhibit BIRC4 indirectly by activating the mitochondrial apoptosis pathway. After translocation to mitochondria, promotes translocation of BAX to mitochondria and cytochrome c release from mitochondria. Seems to promote the redistribution of BIRC4 from the cytoplasm to the nucleus, probably independent of BIRC4 inactivation which seems to occur in the cytoplasm. The BIRC4-XAF1 complex mediates down-regulation of BIRC5/survivin; the process requires the E3 ligase activity of BIRC4. Seems to be involved in cellular sensitivity to the proapoptotic actions of TRAIL. May be a tumor suppressor by mediating apoptosis resistance of cancer cells.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Mitochondrion. Note=Found in the cytoplasm and nucleus of placental syncytiotrophoblasts Translocates to mitochondria upon TNF-alpha treatment [Isoform 5]: Nucleus.

Tissue Location

Widely expressed. Expression is frequently down-regulated in cancer cell lines. Isoform 5 is widely expressed Expressed in placenta (at protein level).

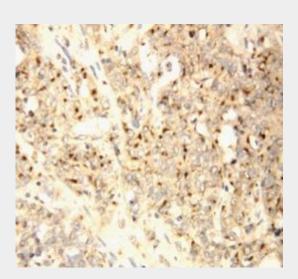
Anti-XAF1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

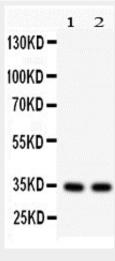
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



Anti-XAF1 Antibody - Images



Anti-XAF1 antibody, ABO10598, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Endometrial Carcinoma Tissue



Anti-XAF1 antibody, ABO10598, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti XAF1 (ABO10598) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: HEPG2 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 2: HEPG2 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 34KDObserved bind size: 34KD

Anti-XAF1 Antibody - Background

XIAP associated factor-1, also known as XAF1, is a human gene. X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis(XIAP; MIM 300079) is a potent member of the IAP family. All members of this family possess baculoviral IAP(BIR) repeats, cysteine-rich domains of approximately 80 amino acids that bind and inhibit caspases. XAF1 antagonizes the anticaspase activity of XIAP and may be important in mediating apoptosis resistance in cancer cells. And alteration in XAF1 and XIAP RNA expression levels may lead to increased apoptotic resistance and proliferation due to unregulated XIAP function in cancer cells.