

# Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody

Catalog # ABO10688

### Specification

# Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody - Product Information

ApplicationWB, IHC-P, IHC-F, ICCPrimary AccessionP07384HostRabbitReactivityHuman, Mouse, RatClonalityPolyclonalFormatLyophilizedDescriptionRabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Calpain-1 catalytic subunit(CAPN1) detection. Tested with WB,IHC-P, IHC-F, ICC in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution** Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

## Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 823

**Other Names** Calpain-1 catalytic subunit, 3.4.22.52, Calcium-activated neutral proteinase 1, CANP 1, Calpain mu-type, Calpain-1 large subunit, Cell proliferation-inducing gene 30 protein, Micromolar-calpain, muCANP, CAPN1, CANPL1

Calculated MW 81890 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, -<br>
Immunohistochemistry(Frozen Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Rat, Human, Mouse<br>
Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Rat, By Heat<br>
Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

#### Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . Translocates to the plasma membrane upon Ca(2+) binding. In granular keratinocytes and in lower corneocytes, colocalizes with FLG and FLG2 (PubMed:21531719). .

Tissue Specificity Ubiquitous.

Protein Name Calpain-1 catalytic subunit

### Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.



Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human Calpain 1(312-326aa EWNNVDPYERDQLRV), different from the mouse sequence by two amino acids.

**Purification** Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity** No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities Belongs to the peptidase C2 family.

## **Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name CAPN1 (HGNC:1476)

Synonyms CANPL1

#### Function

Calcium-regulated non-lysosomal thiol-protease which catalyzes limited proteolysis of substrates involved in cytoskeletal remodeling and signal transduction (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19617626" target="\_blank">19617626</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21531719" target="\_blank">21531719</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2400579" target="\_blank">2400579</a>). Proteolytically cleaves CTBP1 at 'Asn-375', 'Gly-387' and 'His-409' (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23707407" target="\_blank">23707407</a>). Cleaves and activates caspase-7 (CASP7) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19617626" target="\_blank">19617626</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Translocates to the plasma membrane upon Ca(2+) binding. In granular keratinocytes and in lower corneocytes, colocalizes with FLG and FLG2 (PubMed:21531719)

Tissue Location Ubiquitous.

## Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

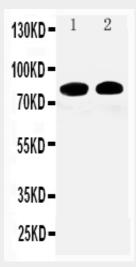
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation



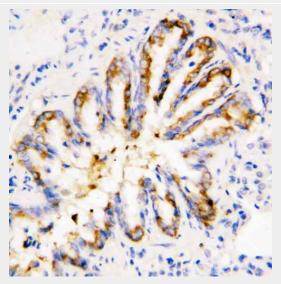
Flow Cytomety

<u>Cell Culture</u>

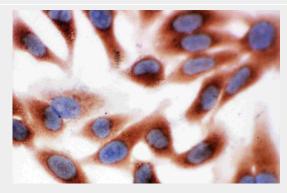
Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody - Images



Anti-Calpain 1 antibody, ABO10688, Western blottingLane 1: HT1080 Cell LysateLane 2: COLO320 Cell Lysate

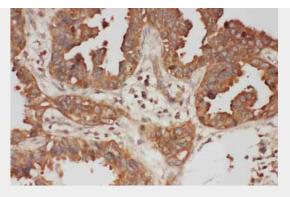


Anti-Calpain 1 antibody, ABO10688, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Lung Tissue



Anti-Calpain 1 antibody, ABO10688, ICCICC: HELA Cell





Anti-Calpain 1 antibody, ABO10688, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Intestinal Cancer Tissue

## Anti-Calpain 1 Antibody - Background

Calpain-1 catalytic subunit is a protein that in humans is encoded by the CAPN1 gene. Calpain is an intracellular protease that requires calcium for its catalytic activity. Two isozymes, calpain I(mu-calpain) and calpain II(m-calpain), with different calcium requirements, have been identified. Both are heterodimers composed of L(large, catalytic, 80 kD) and S(small, regulatory, 30 kD) subunits. The isozymes share an identical S subunit, with the differences arising from the L subunits, L1(CAPN1) and L2. By quantitative RT-PCR, Ueyama et al.(1998) found that expression of calpain-1 and calpain-2 mRNA was significantly increased in muscle biopsy samples derived from 5 men with progressive muscular dystrophy(e.g., DMD; 310200) and 2 men and 3 women with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis(ALS; 105400) compared with controls. Using cDNA clones as probes, Ohno et al.(1989, 1990) assign CANPL1 to chromosome 11.