

**Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO10698****Specification**

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**Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P28223</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2A(HTR2A) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3356

**Other Names**

5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2A, 5-HT-2, 5-HT-2A, Serotonin receptor 2A, HTR2A, HTR2

**Calculated MW**

52603 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Mouse, Rat, Human, By Heat<br>Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, dendrite . Cell projection, axon . Cytoplasmic vesicle . Membrane, caveola . Localizes to the postsynaptic thickening of axo-dendritic synapses. .

**Tissue Specificity**

Detected in brain cortex (at protein level). Detected in blood platelets. .

**Protein Name**

5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2A(5-HT-2/5-HT-2A)

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human 5HT2A Receptor(418-432aa AYKSSQLQMGQKKNS), different from the mouse sequence by one amino acid.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

**Sequence Similarities**

Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.

**Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** HTR2A

**Synonyms** HTR2

**Function**

G-protein coupled receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1330647" target="\_blank">1330647</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18703043" target="\_blank">18703043</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19057895" target="\_blank">19057895</a>). Also functions as a receptor for various drugs and psychoactive substances, including mescaline, psilocybin, 1-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenyl)-2-aminopropane (DOI) and lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538" target="\_blank">28129538</a>). Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538" target="\_blank">28129538</a>). Beta-arrestin family members inhibit signaling via G proteins and mediate activation of alternative signaling pathways (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538" target="\_blank">28129538</a>). Signaling activates phospholipase C and a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system that modulates the activity of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and promotes the release of Ca(2+) ions from intracellular stores (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18703043" target="\_blank">18703043</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538" target="\_blank">28129538</a>). Affects neural activity, perception, cognition and mood (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18297054" target="\_blank">18297054</a>). Plays a role in the regulation of behavior, including responses to anxiogenic situations and psychoactive substances. Plays a role in intestinal smooth muscle contraction, and may play a role in arterial vasoconstriction.

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35363}. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14842}. Cytoplasmic vesicle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14842}. Membrane, caveola {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14842}. Presynapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14842}

**Tissue Location**

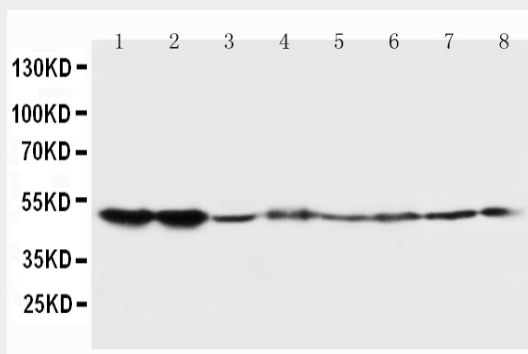
Detected in brain cortex (at protein level). Detected in blood platelets.

**Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody - Protocols**

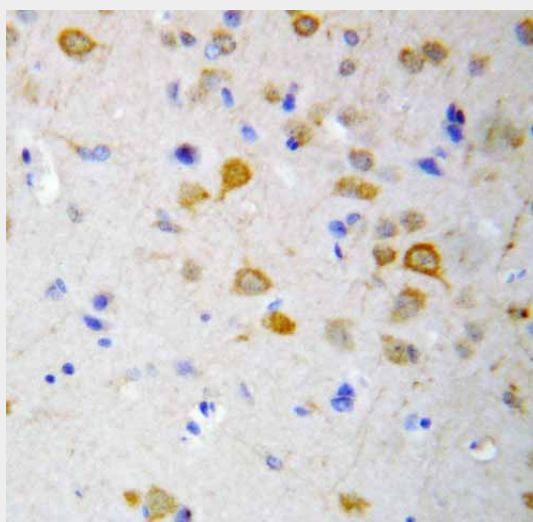
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody - Images



Anti-5HT2A Receptor antibody, ABO10698, Western blotting  
Lane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate  
Lane 2: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate  
Lane 3: Mouse Brain Tissue Lysate  
Lane 4: Mouse Brain Tissue Lysate  
Lane 5: U87 Cell Lysate  
Lane 6: SMMC Cell Lysate  
Lane 7: HT1080 Cell Lysate  
Lane 8: COLO320 Cell Lysate



Anti-5HT2A Receptor antibody, ABO10698, IHC(P) IHC(P): Rat Brain Tissue

### Anti-5HT2A Receptor Antibody - Background

The mammalian HTR2A(5-HT2A receptor) is a subtype of the 5-HT2 receptor that belongs to the serotonin receptor family and is a G protein-coupled receptor(GPCR). This is the main excitatory receptor subtype among the GPCRs for serotonin(5-HT), although 5-HT2A may also have an inhibitory effect on certain areas such as the visual cortex and the orbit frontal cortex. This receptor was given importance first as the target of psychedelic drugs like LSD. Later it came back to

prominence because it was also found to be mediating, at least partly, the action of many antipsychotic drugs, especially the atypical ones. 5-HT<sub>2A</sub> also happens to be a necessary receptor for the spread of the human polyoma virus called JC virus. Sparkes et al. (1991) concluded that the gene is located on 13q14-q21 in man and on chromosome 14 in the mouse.