

# **Anti-DCI Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO11072** 

# **Specification**

# **Anti-DCI Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P, ICC

Primary Accession P42126
Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Clonality Polyclonal Lyophilized

**Description** 

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Enoyl-CoA delta isomerase 1, mitochondrial(ECI1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, ICC in Human; Mouse; Rat.

#### Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

# **Anti-DCI Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1632

#### **Other Names**

Enoyl-CoA delta isomerase 1, mitochondrial, 5.3.3.8, 3, 2-trans-enoyl-CoA isomerase, Delta(3), Delta(2)-enoyl-CoA isomerase, D3, D2-enoyl-CoA isomerase, Dodecenoyl-CoA isomerase, ECI1, DCI

## **Calculated MW**

32816 MW KDa

### **Application Details**

Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 μg/ml, Human, -<br/>br>Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μg/ml, Human, By Heat<br/>br>Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human, Rat, Mouse<br/>br>

### **Subcellular Localization**

Mitochondrion matrix.

#### **Protein Name**

Enoyl-CoA delta isomerase 1, mitochondrial

#### **Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.

#### **Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human DCI(272-290aa ADVQNFVSFISKDSIQKSL), different from the related mouse sequence by two amino acids and from the related rat sequence by three amino acids.

#### **Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.



**Cross Reactivity**No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **Anti-DCI Antibody - Protein Information**

Name ECI1

**Synonyms DCI** 

### **Function**

Key enzyme of fatty acid beta-oxidation (Probable). Able to isomerize both 3-cis (3Z) and 3-trans (3E) double bonds into the 2- trans (2E) form in a range of enoyl-CoA species, with a preference for (3Z)-enoyl-CoAs over (3E)-enoyl-CoAs (By similarity) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.upiprot.org/citations/7818400" target="http://www.upiprot.org/citations/7818400" target="http://www.upiprot.org/citations/ranget="http://

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7818490" target="\_blank">7818490</a>). The catalytic efficiency of this enzyme is not affected by the fatty acyl chain length (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23965}

### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in liver (at protein level).

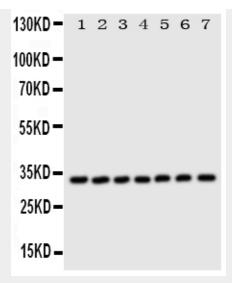
# **Anti-DCI Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

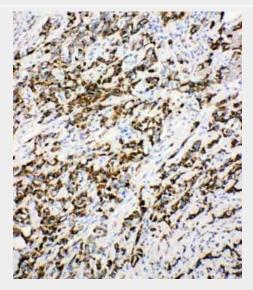
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-DCI Antibody - Images

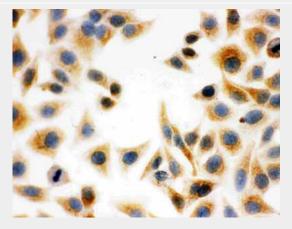




Anti-DCI antibody, ABO11072, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti DCI (ABO11072) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Liver Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 2: Human Placenta Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 3: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 4: SMMC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 5: COLO320 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 6: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 7: HT1080 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 33KDObserved bind size: 33KD

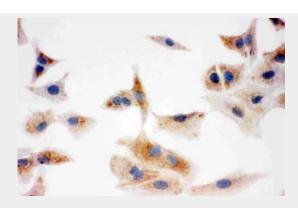


Anti-DCI antibody, ABO11072, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Mammary Cancer Tissue



Anti-DCI antibody, ABO11072, ICCICC: HELA Cell





Anti-DCI antibody, ABO11072, ICCICC: A549 Cell

# **Anti-DCI Antibody - Background**

ECI1/DCI(Dodecenoyl-CoA Delta Isomerase), also known as 3,2-trans-enoyl-CoA isomerase, is an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of cis-or trans-double bonds of fatty acids at gamma-carbon(position 3) to trans double bonds at beta-carbon(position 2). It plays a particularly important role in the metabolism of unsaturated fatty acids. All classes of enoyl-CoA isomerases belong to a family of enzymes, the hydratase/isomerase or crotonase superfamily, and when examined with x-ray crystallography, exhibit a common structural feature of the family, the N-terminal core with a spiral fold composed of four turns, each turn consisting of two beta-sheets and one alpha-helix. Dodecenoyl-CoA Delta Isomerase is involved in the beta-oxidation, one of the most frequently used pathways in fatty acid degradation, of unsaturated fatty acids with double bonds at odd-numbered carbon positions. It does so by shifting the position of the double bonds in the acyl-CoA intermediates and converting 3-cis or trans-enoyl-CoA to 2-trans-enoyl-CoA.