

Anti-ATP7b Antibody
Catalog # ABO11572**Specification**

Anti-ATP7b Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	P35670
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Copper-transporting ATPase 2(ATP7B) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human;Mouse;Rat.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-ATP7b Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 540

Other Names

Copper-transporting ATPase 2, 3.6.3.54, Copper pump 2, Wilson disease-associated protein, WND/140 kDa, ATP7B, PWD, WC1, WND

Calculated MW

157263 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat
Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat

Subcellular Localization

Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Predominantly found in the trans-Golgi network (TGN). Not redistributed to the plasma membrane in response to elevated copper levels.

Tissue Specificity

Most abundant in liver and kidney and also found in brain. Isoform 2 is expressed in brain but not in liver. The cleaved form WND/140 kDa is found in liver cell lines and other tissues.

Protein Name

Copper-transporting ATPase 2

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human ATP7b(1451-1465aa DKWSLLLNGRDEEQYI), different from the related mouse and rat sequences by three amino acids.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the cation transport ATPase (P-type) (TC 3.A.3) family. Type IB subfamily.

Anti-ATP7b Antibody - Protein Information

Name ATP7B

Synonyms PWD, WC1, WND

Function

Copper ion transmembrane transporter involved in the export of copper out of the cells. It is involved in copper homeostasis in the liver, where it ensures the efflux of copper from hepatocytes into the bile in response to copper overload.

Cellular Location

Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Late endosome Note=Predominantly found in the trans-Golgi network (TGN). Localized in the trans-Golgi network under low copper conditions, redistributes to cytoplasmic vesicles when cells are exposed to elevated copper levels, and then recycles back to the trans-Golgi network when copper is removed (PubMed:10942420). [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

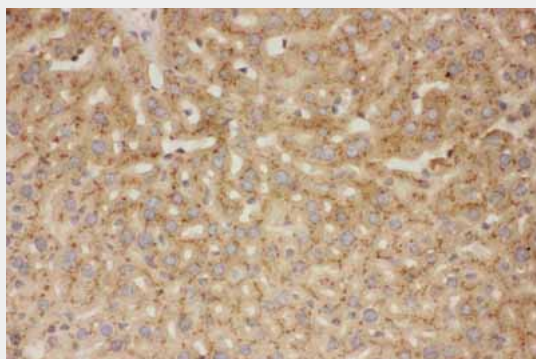
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Anti-ATP7b Antibody - Protocols

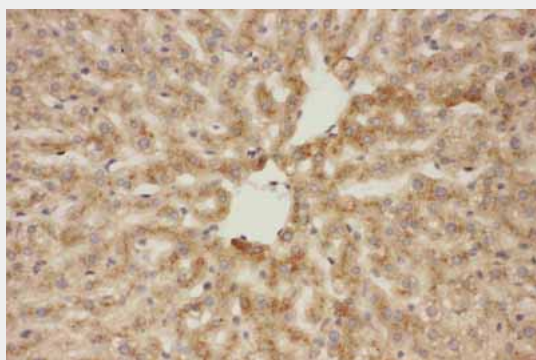
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

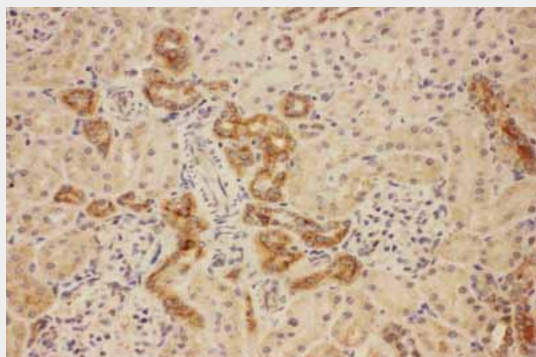
Anti-ATP7b Antibody - Images



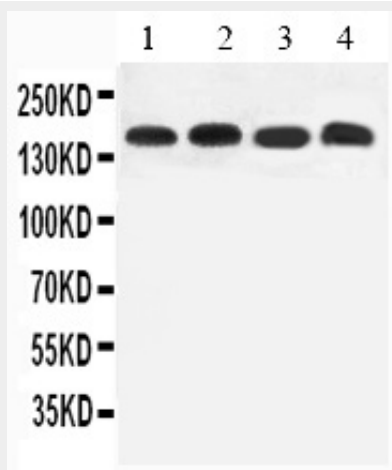
Anti-ATP7b antibody, ABO11572, IHC(P)IHC(P): Mouse Liver Tissue



Anti-ATP7b antibody, ABO11572, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Liver Tissue



Anti-ATP7b antibody, ABO11572, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Kidney Tissue



Anti-ATP7b antibody, ABO11572, All Western blottingAll lanes: Anti-ATP7B(ABO11572) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Liver Tissue Lysate at 40ugLane 2: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 40ugLane 3: SMMC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 4: NEURO Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 157KDObserved bind size: 157KD

Anti-ATP7b Antibody - Background

ATPase, Cu++ transporting, beta polypeptide(Wilson disease) protein, also called ATP7B, is an ATPase that transports copper. This gene is a member of the P-type cation transport ATPase family and encodes a protein with several membrane-spanning domains, an ATPase consensus sequence, a hinge domain, a phosphorylation site, and at least two putative copper-binding sites. ATP7B is mapped to 13q14.3. This protein functions as a monomer, exporting copper out of the cells. When copper levels are in excess, ATP7B redistributes to a vesicular compartment near the biliary canalicular membranes for elimination of excess copper into bile, and it is transported along liver cell microtubules via interaction with the p62 dynactin subunit.