

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO11645

Specification

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
1.1	
Primary Accession	<u>P27037</u>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	
Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Activin receptor type-2A(ACVR2A) detection. Tested with WB,	
IHC-P in Human;Rat.	

Reconstitution Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 92

Other Names Activin receptor type-2A, 2.7.11.30, Activin receptor type IIA, ACTR-IIA, ACTRIIA, ACVR2A, ACVR2

Calculated MW 57848 MW KDa

Application Details Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μg/ml, Human, By Heat

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human, Rat

Subcellular Localization Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

Protein Name Activin receptor type-2A

Contents Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

E. coli-derived human ACVR2A recombinant protein (Position: Q421-L513). Human ACVR2A shares 100% and 98.9% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse and rat ACVR2A, respectively.

Purification Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity



No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name ACVR2A (HGNC:173)

Synonyms ACVR2

Function

On ligand binding, forms a receptor complex consisting of two type II and two type I transmembrane serine/threonine kinases. Type II receptors phosphorylate and activate type I receptors which autophosphorylate, then bind and activate SMAD transcriptional regulators. Receptor for activin A, activin B and inhibin A (PubMed:17911401, PubMed:10652306). Mediates

induction of adipogenesis by GDF6 (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P27038}; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

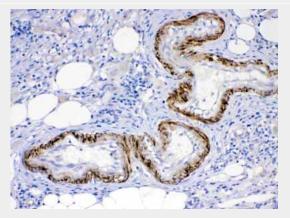
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody - Images



130KD -100KD -70KD - - -55KD -35KD -25KD -15KD -

Western blot analysis of ACVR2A expression in rat kidney extract (lane 1) and HELA whole cell lysates (lane 2). ACVR2A at 75KD was detected using rabbit anti- ACVR2A Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO11645) at 0.5 ??g/mL. The blot was developed using chemiluminescence (ECL) method .



ACVR2A was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human intestinal cancer tissues using rabbit anti- ACVR2A Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO11645) at 1 \hat{l}_{4} g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

Anti-ACVR2A Picoband Antibody - Background

Activin receptor type-2A is a protein that in humans is encoded by the ACVR2A gene. ACVR2A is an activin type 2 receptor. This gene encodes a receptor that mediates the functions of activins, which are members of the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta) superfamily involved in diverse biological processes. The encoded protein is a transmembrane serine-threonine kinase receptor which mediates signaling by forming heterodimeric complexes with various combinations of type I and type II receptors and ligands in a cell-specific manner. The encoded type II receptor is primarily involved in ligand-binding and includes an extracellular ligand-binding domain, a transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic serine-threonine kinase domain. This gene may be associated with susceptibility to preeclampsia, a pregnancy-related disease which can result in maternal and fetal morbidity and mortality. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants of this gene.