

## **Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO11860** 

# **Specification**

## **Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P15056
Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Clonality Polyclonal Lyophilized

**Description** 

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf(BRAF) detection. Tested with WB in Human; Mouse; Rat.

### Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

## **Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

### Gene ID 673

#### **Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf, 2.7.11.1, Proto-oncogene B-Raf, p94, v-Raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1, BRAF, BRAF1, RAFB1

## Calculated MW 84437 MW KDa

### **Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

### **Subcellular Localization**

Nucleus . Cytoplasm. Cell membrane . Colocalizes with RGS14 and RAF1 in both the cytoplasm and membranes. .

# **Tissue Specificity**

Brain and testis.

#### **Protein Name**

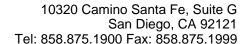
Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf

#### **Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

#### **Immunogen**

E.coli-derived human B Raf recombinant protein (Position: A38-V230). Human B Raf shares 81% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse B Raf.





**Purification** 

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity** 

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **Sequence Similarities**

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family. RAF subfamily.

## **Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

Name BRAF (HGNC:1097)

Synonyms BRAF1, RAFB1

#### **Function**

Protein kinase involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the cell membrane to the nucleus (Probable). Phosphorylates MAP2K1, and thereby activates the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21441910" target="\_blank">21441910</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29433126" target="\_blank">29433126</a>). Phosphorylates PFKFB2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36402789" target="\_blank">36402789</a>). May play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neurons (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1508179" target=" blank">1508179</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Colocalizes with RGS14 and RAF1 in both the cytoplasm and membranes.

**Tissue Location** 

Brain and testis.

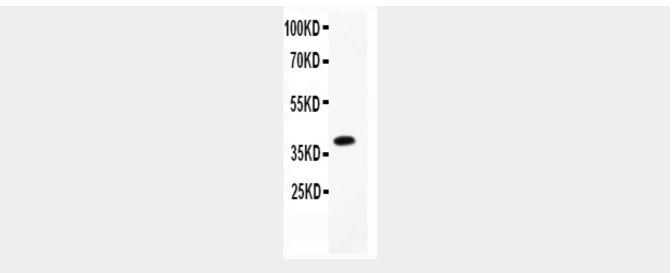
### **Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

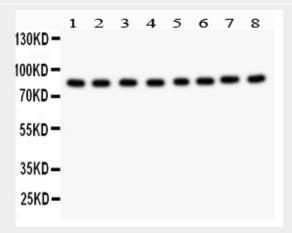
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody - Images





All lanes: Anti B Raf (ABO11860) at 0.5ug/mlWB: Recombinant Human B Raf Protein 0.5ngPredicted bind size: 40KDObserved bind size: 40KD



All lanes: Anti B Raf (ABO11860) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Testis Tissue at 50ugLane 2: Rat Brain Tissue at 50ugLane 3: Mouse Testis Tissue at 50ugLane 4: Mouse Brain Tissue at 50ugLane 5: Hela Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 6: Jurkat Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 7: MCF-7 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 8: K562 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 84KD Observed bind size: 84KD

# **Anti-B Raf Picoband Antibody - Background**

BRAF (v-raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1) is a human gene that makes a protein called B-Raf. It is a member of the Raf kinase family of growth signal transduction protein kinases. This protein plays a role in regulating the MAP kinase/ERKs signaling pathway, which affects cell division, differentiation, and secretion. It is mapped to 7q34. Mutations in this gene are associated with cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome, a disease characterized by heart defects, mental retardation and a distinctive facial appearance. The BRAF protein is also involved in sending signals inside cells, which are involved in directing cell growth.