

Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody
Catalog # ABO11947**Specification****Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9NSA2
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily D member 1(KCND1) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 3750**Other Names**

Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily D member 1, Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit Kv4.1, KCND1

Calculated MW

71330 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse

Subcellular Localization

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, dendrite .

Tissue Specificity

Widely expressed. Highly expressed in brain, in particular in cerebellum and thalamus; detected at lower levels in the other parts of the brain. .

Protein Name

Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily D member 1

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

E.coli-derived human KCND1 recombinant protein (Position: T442-L647). Human KCND1 shares 90% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse KCND1.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r° Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**Name** [KCND1 \(HGNC:6237\)](#)**Function**

A-type voltage-gated potassium channel that mediates transmembrane potassium transport in excitable membranes in the brain (PubMed:15454437). Mediates A-type current I(SA) in suprachiasmatic nucleus (SCN) neurons. Exhibits a low-threshold A-type current with a hyperpolarized steady-state inactivation midpoint and the recovery process was steeply voltage-dependent, with recovery being markedly faster at more negative potentials. May regulates repetitive firing rates in the suprachiasmatic nucleus (SCN) neurons and circadian rhythms in neuronal excitability and behavior. Contributes to the regulation of the circadian rhythm of action potential firing in suprachiasmatic nucleus neurons, which regulates the circadian rhythm of locomotor activity. The regulatory subunit KCNIP1 modulates the kinetics of channel inactivation, increases the current amplitudes and accelerates recovery from inactivation, shifts activation in a depolarizing direction (By similarity). The regulatory subunit DPP10 decreases the voltage sensitivity of the inactivation channel gating (PubMed:15454437).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9NZV8}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9NZV8}

Tissue Location

Widely expressed. Highly expressed in brain, in particular in cerebellum and thalamus; detected at lower levels in the other parts of the brain.

Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

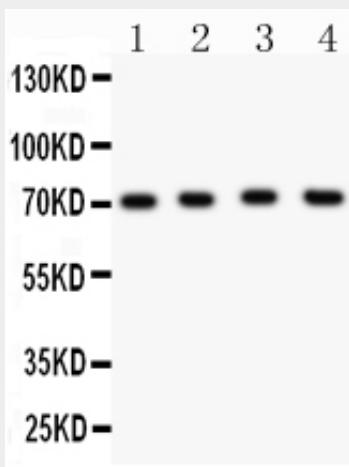
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody - Images

100KD-
70KD-
55KD-
35KD-
25KD-
15KD-

Anti- KCND1 Picoband antibody, ABO11947, Western blotting
All lanes: Anti KCND1 (ABO11947) at 0.5ug/ml
WB: Recombinant Human KCND1 Protein 0.5ng
Predicted bind size: 39KD
Observed bind size: 39KD



Anti- KCND1 Picoband antibody, ABO11947, Western blotting
All lanes: Anti KCND1 (ABO11947) at 0.5ug/ml
Lane 1: Mouse Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 2: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 3: COLO320 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 4: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Predicted bind size: 71KD
Observed bind size: 71KD

Anti-KCND1 Picoband Antibody - Background

Potassium voltage-gated channel, Shal-related subfamily, member 1 (KCND1), also known as Kv4.1, is a human gene. It is mapped to Xp11.23. KCND1 encodes a member of the potassium channel, voltage-gated, shal-related subfamily, members of which form voltage-activated A-type potassium ion channels and are prominent in the repolarization phase of the action potential. The diverse functions of Voltage-gated potassium (Kv) channels include regulating neurotransmitter release, heart rate, insulin secretion, neuronal excitability, epithelial electrolyte transport, smooth muscle contraction, and cell volume. In addition to that, KCND1 is expressed at moderate levels in all tissues analyzed, with lower levels in skeletal muscle.