

**Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO11965****Specification**

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**Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, ICC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P14174</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Macrophage migration inhibitory factor(MIF) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, ICC in Human.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4282

**Other Names**

Macrophage migration inhibitory factor, MIF, 5.3.2.1, Glycosylation-inhibiting factor, GIF, L-dopachrome isomerase, L-dopachrome tautomerase, 5.3.3.12, Phenylpyruvate tautomerase, MIF, GLIF, MMIF

**Calculated MW**

12476 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, -<br>Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, By Heat<br>Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Secreted. Cytoplasm. Does not have a cleavable signal sequence and is secreted via a specialized, non- classical pathway. Secreted by macrophages upon stimulation by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS), or by M.tuberculosis antigens.

**Protein Name**

Macrophage migration inhibitory factor

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

E.coli-derived human MIF recombinant protein (Position: P2-A115). Human MIF shares 89% and 90% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse and rat MIF respectively.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

**Sequence Similarities**

Belongs to the MIF family.

**Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** MIF {ECO:0000303|PubMed:2552447, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7097}

**Function**

Pro-inflammatory cytokine involved in the innate immune response to bacterial pathogens (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908412" target="\_blank">15908412</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17443469" target="\_blank">17443469</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23776208" target="\_blank">23776208</a>). The expression of MIF at sites of inflammation suggests a role as mediator in regulating the function of macrophages in host defense (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908412" target="\_blank">15908412</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17443469" target="\_blank">17443469</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23776208" target="\_blank">23776208</a>). Counteracts the anti-inflammatory activity of glucocorticoids (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908412" target="\_blank">15908412</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17443469" target="\_blank">17443469</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23776208" target="\_blank">23776208</a>). Has phenylpyruvate tautomerase and dopachrome tautomerase activity (in vitro), but the physiological substrate is not known (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11439086" target="\_blank">11439086</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17526494" target="\_blank">17526494</a>). It is not clear whether the tautomerase activity has any physiological relevance, and whether it is important for cytokine activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11439086" target="\_blank">11439086</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17526494" target="\_blank">17526494</a>).

**Cellular Location**

Secreted. Cytoplasm. Note=Does not have a cleavable signal sequence and is secreted via a specialized, non-classical pathway Secreted by macrophages upon stimulation by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS), or by M.tuberculosis antigens

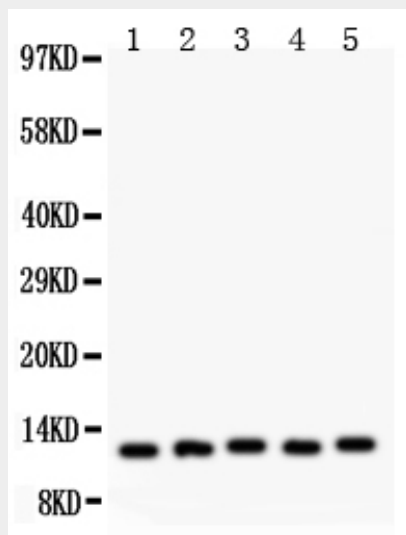
**Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

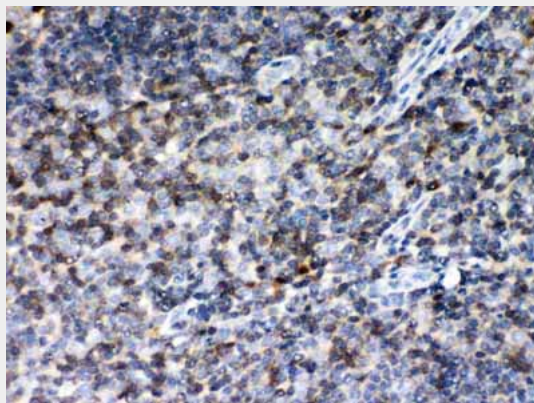
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)

- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

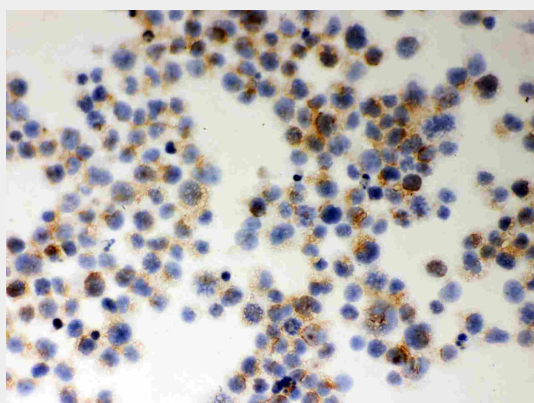
#### Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody - Images



Anti- MIF Picoband antibody, ABO11965, Western blotting All lanes: Anti MIF (ABO11965) at 0.5ug/ml  
Lane 1: U87 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Lane 2: JURKAT Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Lane 3: HUT Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Lane 4: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Lane 5: HEPG2 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Predicted bind size: 12KD  
Observed bind size: 12KD



Anti- MIF Picoband antibody, ABO11965, IHC(P) IHC(P): Human Tonsil Tissue



Anti- MIF Picoband antibody, ABO11965, ICCICC: JURKAT Cell

#### **Anti-MIF Picoband Antibody - Background**

Macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF or MMIF), also known as GIF, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the MIF gene. It is a cytokine released by T-lymphocytes, macrophages, and the pituitary gland that serves to integrate peripheral and central inflammatory responses. MIF gene has 3 exons separated by introns of only 189 and 95 bp, and covers less than 1 kb. The localization of the human gene for MIF is to chromosome 22q11.2. MIF plays a critical role in inflammatory diseases and atherogenesis. It is also involved in cell-mediated immunity and immunoregulation. MIF plays a role in the regulation of macrophage function in host defense through the suppression of anti-inflammatory effects of glucocorticoids.