

Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12170

Specification

Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P05023
Host Reactivity Human, Rat
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-1(ATP1A1) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Rat.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 476

Other Names

Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-1, Na(+)/K(+) ATPase alpha-1 subunit, 3.6.3.9, Sodium pump subunit alpha-1, ATP1A1

Calculated MW 112896 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human, Rat

Subcellular Localization

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Melanosome. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

Protein Name

Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-1

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human ATP1A1 (7-34aa RDKYEPAAVSEQGDKKGKKGKKDRDMDE), different from the related mouse sequence by three amino acids, and from the related rat sequence by four amino acids.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.



Cross ReactivityNo cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name ATP1A1

Function

This is the catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. This action creates the electrochemical gradient of sodium and potassium ions, providing the energy for active transport of various nutrients (PubMed:29499166, PubMed:30388404). Could also be part of an osmosensory signaling pathway that senses body-fluid sodium levels and controls salt intake behavior as well as voluntary water intake to regulate sodium homeostasis (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8VDN2}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06685}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane, sarcolemma; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06685}. Melanosome. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV

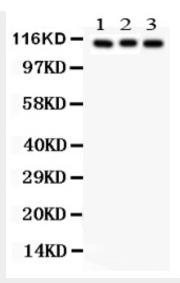
Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody - Images





Anti- ATP1A1 Picoband antibody, ABO12170, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti ATP1A1 (ABO12170) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 2: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 3: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 113KDObserved bind size: 113KD

Anti-ATP1A1 Picoband Antibody - Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 1 subunit. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.