

**Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO12199****Specification**

---

**Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P40763</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 (STAT3) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 6774

**Other Names**

Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11364}, Acute-phase response factor, STAT3 (<a href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\_symbol\_report?hgnc\_id=11364" target="\_blank">HGNC:11364</a>)

**Calculated MW**

88068 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Translocated into the nucleus upon tyrosine phosphorylation and dimerization, in response to signaling by activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 or FGFR4. Constitutive nuclear presence is independent of tyrosine phosphorylation. Predominantly present in the cytoplasm without stimuli. Upon leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) stimulation, accumulates in the nucleus. The complex composed of BART and ARL2 plays an important role in the nuclear translocation and retention of STAT3. Identified in a complex with LYN and PAG1.

**Tissue Specificity**

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas.

**Protein Name**

Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>N.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human STAT3 (139-167aa EKQQMLEQHLQDVRKRVQDLEQKMKVVEN), identical to the related mouse and rat sequences.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

**Sequence Similarities**

Belongs to the transcription factor STAT family.

**Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** STAT3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9630560, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11364}

**Function**

Signal transducer and transcription activator that mediates cellular responses to interleukins, KITLG/SCF, LEP and other growth factors (PubMed:

[10688651](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10688651), PubMed: [12359225](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12359225), PubMed: [12873986](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12873986), PubMed: [15194700](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15194700), PubMed: [15653507](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15653507), PubMed: [16285960](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16285960), PubMed: [17344214](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17344214), PubMed: [18242580](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18242580), PubMed: [18782771](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18782771), PubMed: [22306293](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22306293), PubMed: [23084476](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23084476), PubMed: [28262505](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28262505), PubMed: [32929201](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32929201), PubMed: [38404237](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38404237)). Once activated, recruits coactivators, such as NCOA1 or MED1, to the promoter region of the target gene (PubMed: [15653507](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15653507), PubMed: [16285960](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16285960), PubMed: [17344214](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17344214), PubMed: [18782771](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18782771), PubMed: [28262505](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28262505), PubMed: [32929201](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32929201)). May mediate cellular responses to activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed: [12873986](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12873986)). Upon activation of IL6ST/gp130 signaling by interleukin-6 (IL6), binds to the IL6-responsive elements identified in the promoters of various acute-phase protein genes (PubMed: [12359225](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12359225)). Activated by IL31 through IL31RA (PubMed:

<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15194700> target="\_blank">15194700</a>). Acts as a regulator of inflammatory response by regulating differentiation of naive CD4(+) T-cells into T-helper Th17 or regulatory T-cells (Treg): acetylation promotes its transcription activity and cell differentiation while deacetylation and oxidation of lysine residues by LOXL3 inhibits differentiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28065600" target="\_blank">28065600</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28262505" target="\_blank">28262505</a>). Involved in cell cycle regulation by inducing the expression of key genes for the progression from G1 to S phase, such as CCND1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17344214" target="\_blank">17344214</a>). Mediates the effects of LEP on melanocortin production, body energy homeostasis and lactation (By similarity). May play an apoptotic role by transactivating BIRC5 expression under LEP activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18242580" target="\_blank">18242580</a>). Cytoplasmic STAT3 represses macroautophagy by inhibiting EIF2AK2/PKR activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23084476" target="\_blank">23084476</a>). Plays a crucial role in basal beta cell functions, such as regulation of insulin secretion (By similarity). Following JAK/STAT signaling activation and as part of a complex with NFATC3 and NFATC4, binds to the alpha-beta E4 promoter region of CRYAB and activates transcription in cardiomyocytes (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm (PubMed:29162862) Translocated into the nucleus upon tyrosine phosphorylation and dimerization, in response to signaling by activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 or FGFR4 (PubMed:15653507, PubMed:16285960). Constitutive nuclear presence is independent of tyrosine phosphorylation. Predominantly present in the cytoplasm without stimuli. Upon leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) stimulation, accumulates in the nucleus. The complex composed of BART and ARL2 plays an important role in the nuclear translocation and retention of STAT3. Identified in a complex with LYN and PAG1. Translocates to the nucleus in the presence of EDN1 (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P52631, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15653507, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16285960, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29162862}

#### **Tissue Location**

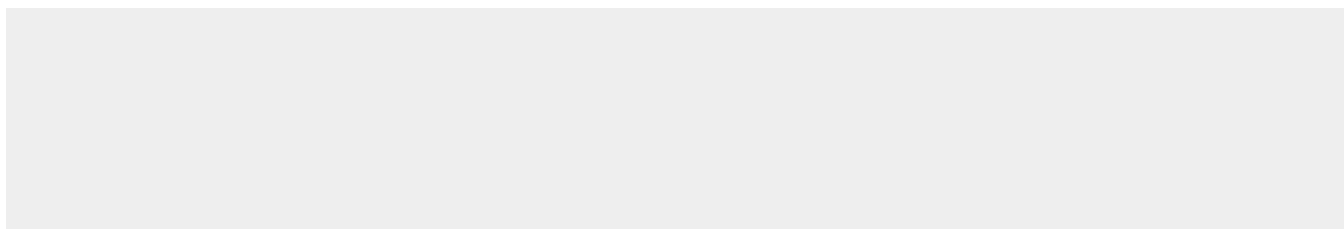
Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Expressed in naive CD4(+) T cells as well as T-helper Th17, Th1 and Th2 cells (PubMed:31899195)

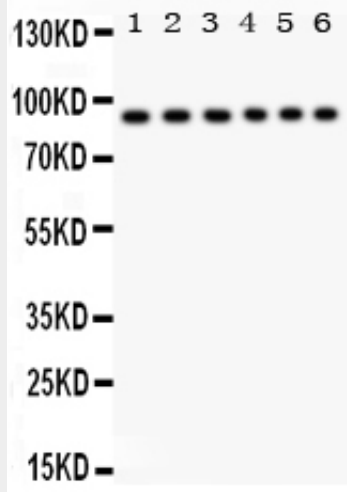
### **Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody - Images**





Anti- STAT3 Picoband antibody, ABO12199, Western blotting All lanes: Anti STAT3 (ABO12199) at 0.5ug/ml  
Lane 1: Rat Lung Tissue Lysate at 50ug  
Lane 2: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ug  
Lane 3: Human Placenta Tissue Lysate at 50ug  
Lane 4: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Lane 5: PANC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Lane 6: HEPA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug  
Predicted bind size: 88KD  
Observed bind size: 88KD

#### Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody - Background

The transcription factor, signal transducer and activator of transcription-3 (STAT-3) is the most pleiotropic member of the signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) family of transcription factors and mediates pivotal responses for the cytokine family. The mouse STAT3 gene contains 24 exons and spans 30 kb. The translation initiation codon is in exon 2, and the stop codon is in exon 24. STAT3 is mapped to 17q21. It contributes to various physiological processes. Hepatic STAT-3 signaling is thus essential for normal glucose homeostasis and may provide new therapeutic targets for diabetes mellitus.