

Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12271

Specification

Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession Q01844
Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Clonality Polyclonal Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for RNA-binding protein EWS(EWSR1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human; Mouse; Rat. < br>

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2130

Other Names

RNA-binding protein EWS, EWS oncogene, Ewing sarcoma breakpoint region 1 protein, EWSR1, EWS

Calculated MW 68478 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat
br>Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human, Rat
br>

Subcellular Localization

Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . Relocates from cytoplasm to ribosomes upon PTK2B/FAK2 activation.

Tissue Specificity

Ubiquitous.

Protein Name

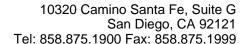
RNA-binding protein EWS

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human EWSR1 (369-399aa NDSVTLDDLADFFKQCGVVKMNKRTGQPMIH), different from the related mouse





sequence by one amino acid.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence SimilaritiesBelongs to the RRM TET family.

Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name EWSR1

Synonyms EWS

Function

Binds to ssRNA containing the consensus sequence 5'-AGGUAA-3' (PubMed:21256132). Might normally function as a transcriptional repressor (PubMed:10767297). EWS-fusion-proteins (EFPS) may play a role in the tumorigenic process. They may disturb gene expression by mimicking, or interfering with the normal function of CTD-POLII within the transcription initiation complex. They may also contribute to an aberrant activation of the fusion protein target genes.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Relocates from cytoplasm to ribosomes upon PTK2B/FAK2 activation

Tissue Location Ubiquitous.

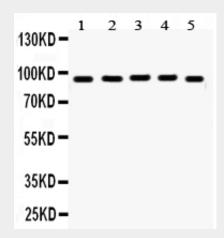
Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

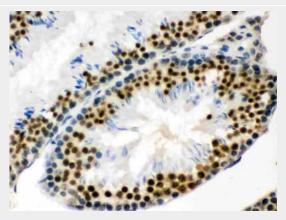
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody - Images

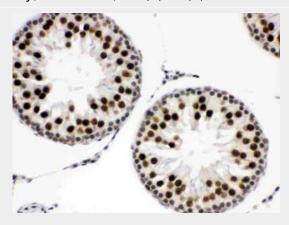




Anti- EWSR1 Picoband antibody, ABO12271, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti EWSR1 (ABO12271) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 2: Rat Testis Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 3: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 4: SKOV Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 5: SW620 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 68KDObserved bind size: 95KD

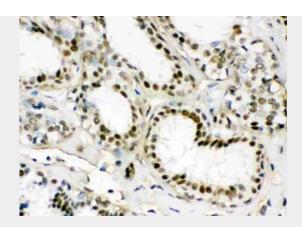


Anti- EWSR1 Picoband antibody, ABO12271, IHC(P)IHC(P): Mouse Testis Tissue



Anti- EWSR1 Picoband antibody, ABO12271, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Testis Tissue





Anti- EWSR1 Picoband antibody, ABO12271, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Mammary Cancer Tissue

Anti-EWSR1 Picoband Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a multifunctional protein that is involved in various cellular processes, including gene expression, cell signaling, and RNA processing and transport. The protein includes an N-terminal transcriptional activation domain and a C-terminal RNA-binding domain. Chromosomal translocations between this gene and various genes encoding transcription factors result in the production of chimeric proteins that are involved in tumorigenesis. These chimeric proteins usually consist of the N-terminal transcriptional activation domain of this protein fused to the C-terminal DNA-binding domain of the transcription factor protein. Mutations in this gene, specifically a t(11;22)(q24;q12) translocation, are known to cause Ewing sarcoma as well as neuroectodermal and various other tumors. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 1 and 14.