

Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12315

Specification

Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession O8WUI4
Host Reactivity Human, Rat
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Histone deacetylase 7(HDAC7) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Rat.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51564

Other Names

Histone deacetylase 7, HD7, 3.5.1.98, Histone deacetylase 7A, HD7a, HDAC7, HDAC7A

Calculated MW

102927 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human, Rat

Subcellular Localization

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. In the nucleus, it associates with distinct subnuclear dot-like structures. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Treatment with EDN1 results in shuttling from the nucleus to the perinuclear region. The export to cytoplasm depends on the interaction with the 14-3-3 protein YWHAE and is due to its phosphorylation.

Protein Name

Histone deacetylase 7

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human HDAC7 (68-103aa QLLHKDKSKRSAVASSVVKQKLAEVILKKQQAALER), different from the related mouse and rat sequences by one amino acid.

Purification



Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name HDAC7

Synonyms HDAC7A

Function

Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Involved in muscle maturation by repressing transcription of myocyte enhancer factors such as MEF2A, MEF2B and MEF2C. During muscle differentiation, it shuttles into the cytoplasm, allowing the expression of myocyte enhancer factors (By similarity). May be involved in Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) latency, possibly by repressing the viral BZLF1 gene. Positively regulates the transcriptional repressor activity of FOXP3 (PubMed:17360565" target="_blank">17360565). Serves as a corepressor of RARA, causing its deacetylation and inhibition of RARE DNA element binding (PubMed:28167758). In association with RARA, plays a role in the repression of microRNA-10a and thereby in the inflammatory response (PubMed:28167758" target="_blank">28167758).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=In the nucleus, it associates with distinct subnuclear dot-like structures. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Treatment with EDN1 results in shuttling from the nucleus to the perinuclear region. The export to cytoplasm depends on the interaction with the 14-3-3 protein YWHAE and is due to its phosphorylation

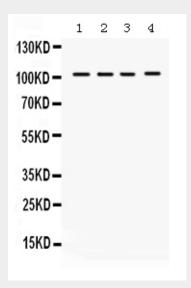
Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody - Images





Anti- HDAC7 Picoband antibody, ABO12315, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti HDAC7 (ABO12315) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Spleen Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 2: Rat Thymus Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 3: Human Placenta Tissue Lysate at 50ugLane 4: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 103KDObserved bind size: 103KD

Anti-HDAC7 Picoband Antibody - Background

Histone deacetylase 7 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the HDAC7 gene. It is mapped to 12q13.1. Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression, and developmental events. Histone acetylation / deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. The protein encoded by this gene has sequence homology to members of the histone deacetylase family. This gene is orthologous to mouse HDAC7 gene whose protein promotes repression mediated via the transcriptional corepressor SMRT. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.