

Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody
Catalog # ABO12424**Specification**

Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9Y478
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-1 (PRKAB1) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5564

Other Names

5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-1, AMPK subunit beta-1, AMPKb, PRKAB1, AMPK

Calculated MW

30382 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human

Protein Name

5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-1

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human AMPK beta 1 (32-68aa DRPKILMDSPEDADLFHSEEIKAPEKEEFLAWQHDLE), different from the related mouse sequence by one amino acid, and from the related rat sequence by three amino acids.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution,

at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name PRKAB1

Synonyms AMPK

Function

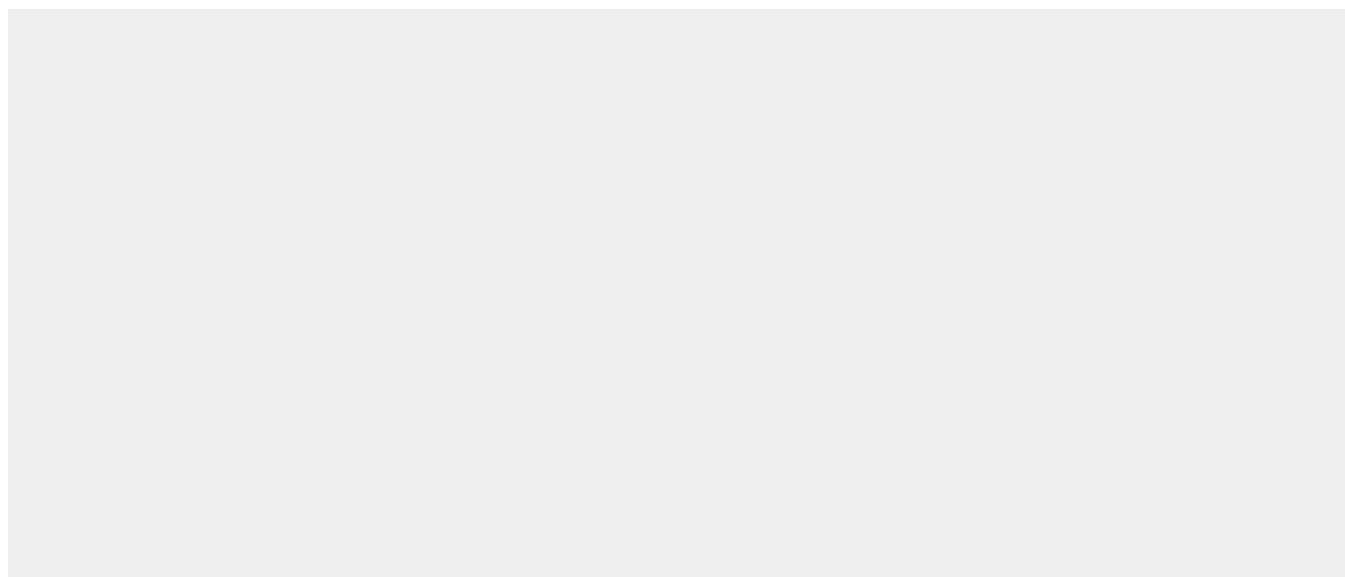
Non-catalytic subunit of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), an energy sensor protein kinase that plays a key role in regulating cellular energy metabolism. In response to reduction of intracellular ATP levels, AMPK activates energy-producing pathways and inhibits energy-consuming processes: inhibits protein, carbohydrate and lipid biosynthesis, as well as cell growth and proliferation. AMPK acts via direct phosphorylation of metabolic enzymes, and by longer-term effects via phosphorylation of transcription regulators. Also acts as a regulator of cellular polarity by remodeling the actin cytoskeleton; probably by indirectly activating myosin. Beta non-catalytic subunit acts as a scaffold on which the AMPK complex assembles, via its C-terminus that bridges alpha (PRKAA1 or PRKAA2) and gamma subunits (PRKAG1, PRKAG2 or PRKAG3).

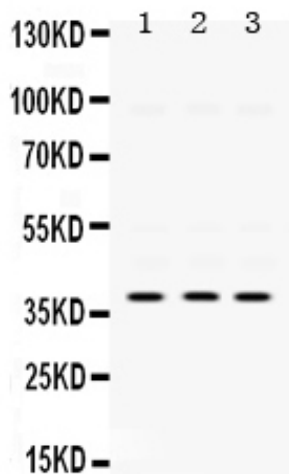
Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody - Images





Anti- AMPK beta 1 Picoband antibody, ABO12424, Western blotting All lanes: Anti AMPK beta 1 (ABO12424) at 0.5ug/ml Lane 1: JURKAT Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Lane 2: PANC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Lane 3: K562 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Predicted bind size: 30KD Observed bind size: 38KD

Anti-AMPK Beta 1 Picoband Antibody - Background

5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-1 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the PRKAB1 gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a regulatory subunit of the AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a heterotrimer consisting of an alpha catalytic subunit, and non-catalytic beta and gamma subunits. It is an important energy-sensing enzyme that monitors cellular energy status. In response to cellular metabolic stresses, AMPK is activated, and thus phosphorylates and inactivates acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) and beta-hydroxy beta-methylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMGCR), key enzymes involved in regulating de novo biosynthesis of fatty acid and cholesterol. This subunit may be a positive regulator of AMPK activity. The myristoylation and phosphorylation of this subunit have been shown to affect the enzyme activity and cellular localization of AMPK. This subunit may also serve as an adaptor molecule mediating the association of the AMPK complex.