

## **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody**

Catalog # ABO12533

## **Specification**

# **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC
Primary Accession P08571
Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Clonality Polyclonal Lyophilized

**Description** 

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14(CD14) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human; Mouse; Rat.

#### Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

## **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

#### Gene ID 929

#### **Other Names**

Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14, Myeloid cell-specific leucine-rich glycoprotein, CD14, Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14, urinary form, Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14, membrane-bound form, CD14

### **Calculated MW**

40076 MW KDa

# **Application Details**

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1  $\mu$ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat<br/>br> <br/>Western blot, 0.1-0.5  $\mu$ g/ml, Mouse, Rat, Human<br/>br>

## **Subcellular Localization**

Cell membrane ; Lipid- anchor, GPI-anchor . Secreted . Membrane raft . Golgi apparatus . Secreted forms may arise by cleavage of the GPI anchor. .

## **Tissue Specificity**

Detected on macrophages (at protein level) (PubMed:1698311). Expressed strongly on the surface of monocytes and weakly on the surface of granulocytes; also expressed by most tissue macrophages. .

# **Protein Name**

Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14

#### Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.



## **Immunogen**

E. coli-derived human CD14 recombinant protein (Position: N65-D327). Human CD14 shares 69.8% and 66.8% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse and rat CD14, respectively.

#### **Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

#### **Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

## Name CD14

#### **Function**

Coreceptor for bacterial lipopolysaccharide (PubMed: <a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1698311" target="\_blank">1698311</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23264655" target=" blank">23264655</a>). In concert with LBP, binds to monomeric lipopolysaccharide and delivers it to the LY96/TLR4 complex, thereby mediating the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20133493" target="\_blank">20133493</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23264655" target="blank">23264655</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22265692" target="\_blank">22265692</a>). Acts via MyD88, TIRAP and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8612135" target=" blank">8612135</a>). Acts as a coreceptor for TLR2:TLR6 heterodimer in response to diacylated lipopeptides and for TLR2:TLR1 heterodimer in response to triacylated lipopeptides, these clusters trigger signaling from the cell surface and subsequently are targeted to the Golgi in a lipid-raft dependent pathway (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16880211" target=" blank">16880211</a>). Binds electronegative LDL (LDL(-)) and mediates the cytokine release induced by LDL(-) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23880187" target="\_blank">23880187</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Secreted. Membrane raft. Golgi apparatus. Note=Secreted forms may arise by cleavage of the GPI anchor.

#### **Tissue Location**

Detected on macrophages (at protein level) (PubMed:1698311). Expressed strongly on the surface of monocytes and weakly on the surface of granulocytes; also expressed by most tissue macrophages.

# **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody - Protocols**

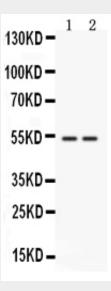
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides

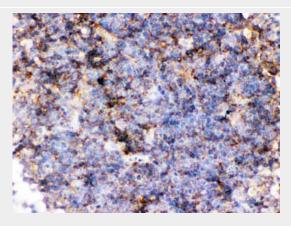


- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody - Images**

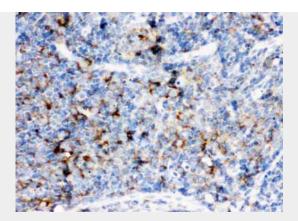


Western blot analysis of CD14 expression in rat brain extract (lane 1) and mouse liver extract (lane 2). CD14 at 50KD was detected using rabbit anti-CD14 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody(Catalog # ABO12533) at0.5  $\hat{l}^{1}/4$ g/mL. The blot was developed using chemiluminescence (ECL) method .

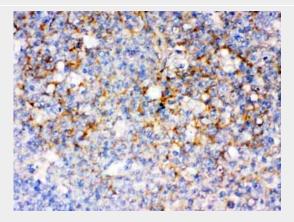


CD14 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of mouse lymphaden tissues using rabbit anti-CD14 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO12533) at 1 ??g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .





CD14 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of rat lymphaden tissues using rabbit anti-CD14 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO12533) at 1  $\hat{l}\frac{1}{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .



CD14 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human tonsil tissues using rabbit anti- CD14 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO12533) at 1  $\hat{l}^{1}_{4}$ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

# **Anti-CD14 Picoband Antibody - Background**

CD14 is a single-copy gene encoding 2 protein forms: a 50- to 55-kD glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored membrane protein (mCD14) and a monocyte or liver-derived soluble serum protein (sCD14) that lacks the anchor. This gene is located at bands 5q23-q31. The protein encoded by this gene is a surface antigen that is preferentially expressed on monocytes/macrophages. CD14 acts as a co-receptor (along with the Toll-like receptor TLR 4 and MD-2) for the detection of bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS). CD14 can bind LPS only in the presence of lipopolysaccharide-binding protein (LBP). Although LPS is considered its main ligand, CD14 also recognizes other pathogen-associated molecular patterns.