

**Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO12564****Specification****Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P02775</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Platelet basic protein (PPBP) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, ELISA in Human.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5473

**Other Names**

Platelet basic protein, PBP, C-X-C motif chemokine 7, Leukocyte-derived growth factor, LDGF, Macrophage-derived growth factor, MDGF, Small-inducible cytokine B7, Connective tissue-activating peptide III, CTAP-III, LA-PF4, Low-affinity platelet factor IV, TC-2, Connective tissue-activating peptide III(1-81), CTAP-III(1-81), Beta-thromboglobulin, Beta-TG, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(74), NAP-2(74), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(73), NAP-2(73), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2, NAP-2, TC-1, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-66), NAP-2(1-66), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-63), NAP-2(1-63), PPBP, CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1

**Calculated MW**

13894 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, -<br>Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, By Heat<br> <br>ELISA , 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, -<br><br> <br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Secreted.

**Protein Name**

Platelet basic protein

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

E. coli-derived humn NAP2 recombinant protein (Position: S55-D128).

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

**Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** PPBP

**Synonyms** CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1

**Function**

LA-PF4 stimulates DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by human synovial cells. NAP-2 is a ligand for CXCR1 and CXCR2, and NAP-2, NAP-2(73), NAP-2(74), NAP-2(1-66), and most potent NAP-2(1-63) are chemoattractants and activators for neutrophils. TC-1 and TC-2 are antibacterial proteins, in vitro released from activated platelet alpha-granules. CTAP-III(1-81) is more potent than CTAP-III desensitize chemokine-induced neutrophil activation.

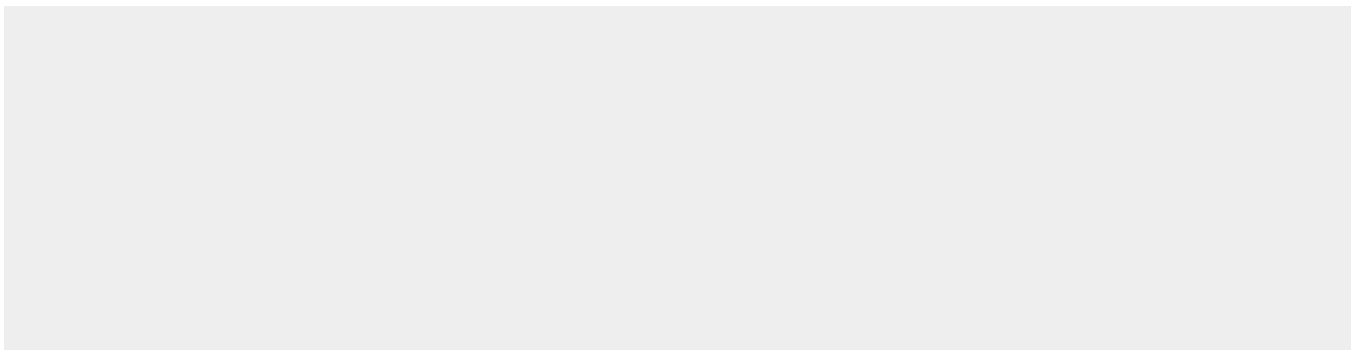
**Cellular Location**

Secreted.

**Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody - Protocols**

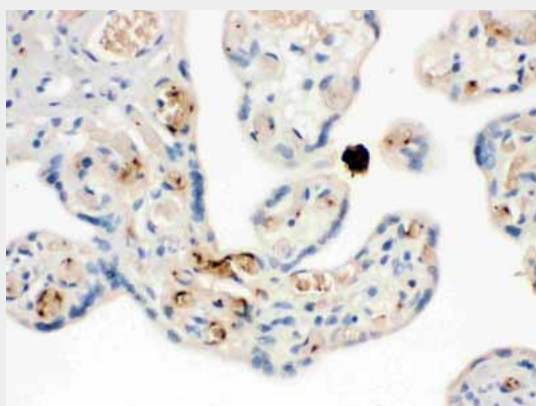
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of NAP2 expression in MCF-7 whole cell lysates (lane 1). NAP2 at 19KD was detected using rabbit anti- NAP2 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO12564) at 0.5 µg/mL. The blot was developed using chemiluminescence (ECL) method .



NAP2 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human placenta tissues using rabbit anti- NAP2 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO12564) at 1 µg/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

#### **Anti-NAP2 Picoband Antibody - Background**

Chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 7 (CXCL7), also known as NAP2 or Pro-Platelet basic protein (PPBP), is a human gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a platelet-derived growth factor that belongs to the CXC chemokine family. This growth factor is a potent chemoattractant and activator of neutrophils. It has been shown to stimulate various cellular processes including DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by synovial cells. Furthermore, the protein is an antimicrobial protein with bactericidal and antifungal activity.