

**Anti-IL-1 beta Picoband Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO12801****Specification****Anti-IL-1 beta Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P01584</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Interleukin-1 beta(IL1B) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-IL-1 beta Picoband Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID 3553****Other Names**

Interleukin-1 beta, IL-1 beta, Catabolin, IL1B, IL1F2

**Calculated MW**

30748 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Secreted. The lack of a specific hydrophobic segment in the precursor sequence suggests that IL-1 is released by damaged cells or is secreted by a mechanism differing from that used for other secretory proteins.

**Tissue Specificity**

Expressed in activated monocytes/macrophages (at protein level).

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg NaN<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

E. coli-derived human IL-1 beta recombinant protein (Position: A117-S269). Human IL-1 beta shares 78.3% and 77.6% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse and rat IL-1 beta, respectively.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

### Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

### Storage

**At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

## Anti-IL-1 beta Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** IL1B ([HGNC:5992](#))

**Synonyms** IL1F2

### Function

Potent pro-inflammatory cytokine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10653850" target="\_blank">10653850</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12794819" target="\_blank">12794819</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28331908" target="\_blank">28331908</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3920526" target="\_blank">3920526</a>). Initially discovered as the major endogenous pyrogen, induces prostaglandin synthesis, neutrophil influx and activation, T-cell activation and cytokine production, B-cell activation and antibody production, and fibroblast proliferation and collagen production (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3920526" target="\_blank">3920526</a>). Promotes Th17 differentiation of T-cells. Synergizes with IL12/interleukin-12 to induce IFNG synthesis from T-helper 1 (Th1) cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10653850" target="\_blank">10653850</a>). Plays a role in angiogenesis by inducing VEGF production synergistically with TNF and IL6 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12794819" target="\_blank">12794819</a>). Involved in transduction of inflammation downstream of pyroptosis: its mature form is specifically released in the extracellular milieu by passing through the gasdermin-D (GSDMD) pore (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33377178" target="\_blank">33377178</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33883744" target="\_blank">33883744</a>). Acts as a sensor of S.pyogenes infection in skin: cleaved and activated by pyogenes SpeB protease, leading to an inflammatory response that prevents bacterial growth during invasive skin infection (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28331908" target="\_blank">28331908</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Secreted. Lysosome Secreted, extracellular exosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10749} Note=The precursor is cytosolic (PubMed:15192144). In response to inflammasome-activating signals, such as ATP for NLRP3 inflammasome or bacterial flagellin for NLRC4 inflammasome, cleaved and secreted (PubMed:24201029, PubMed:33377178, PubMed:33883744). Mature form is secreted and released in the extracellular milieu by passing through the gasdermin-D (GSDMD) pore (PubMed:33883744). In contrast, the precursor form is not released, due to the presence of an acidic region that is proteolytically removed by CASP1 during maturation (PubMed:33883744). The secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10 (PubMed:32272059)

### Tissue Location

Expressed in activated monocytes/macrophages (at protein level).

## Anti-IL-1 beta Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

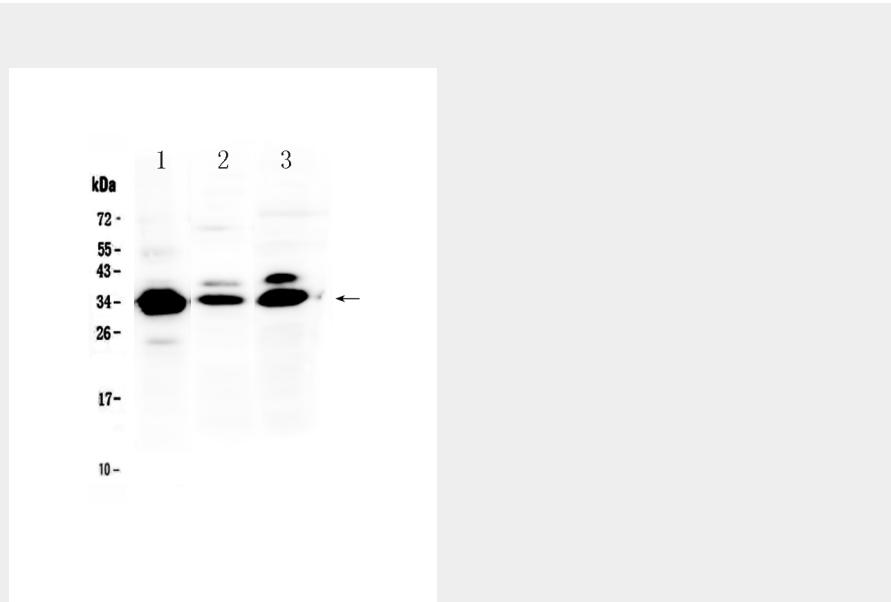
**Anti-IL-1 beta Picoband Antibody - Images**

Figure 1. Western blot analysis of IL-1 beta using anti-IL-1 beta antibody (ABO12801).