

## **Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody**

Catalog # ABO12895

### **Specification**

## **Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P33527
Host Rabbit Isotype Rabbit IgG
Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

**Description** 

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Multidrug resistance-associated protein 1(ABCC1) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

#### Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

## **Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 4363**

## **Other Names**

Multidrug resistance-associated protein 1, ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 1, Leukotriene C(4) transporter, LTC4 transporter, ABCC1, MRP, MRP1

## Calculated MW 171591 MW KDa

## **Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human<br>

### **Subcellular Localization**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

### **Tissue Specificity**

Lung, testis and peripheral blood mononuclear cells.

#### **Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

#### **Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human MRP1 (1493-1528aa DYTRVIVLDKGEIQEYGAPSDLLQQRGLFYSMAKDA), different from the related mouse sequence by five amino acids, and from the related rat sequence by four amino acids.

## **Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins.



Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

Name ABCC1 (HGNC:51)

Synonyms MRP, MRP1

### **Function**

Mediates export of organic anions and drugs from the cytoplasm (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7961706" target="\_blank">7961706</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16230346" target=" blank">16230346</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9281595" target=" blank">9281595</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10064732" target=" blank">10064732</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11114332" target="blank">11114332</a>). Mediates ATP-dependent transport of glutathione and glutathione conjugates, leukotriene C4, estradiol-17beta-o-glucuronide, methotrexate, antiviral drugs and other xenobiotics (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7961706" target="\_blank">7961706</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16230346" target=" blank">16230346</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9281595" target=" blank">9281595</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10064732" target=" blank">10064732</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11114332" target="blank">11114332</a>). Confers resistance to anticancer drugs by decreasing accumulation of drug in cells, and by mediating ATPand GSH-dependent drug export (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9281595" target="\_blank">9281595</a>). Hydrolyzes ATP with low efficiency (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16230346" target=" blank">16230346</a>). Catalyzes the export of sphingosine 1-phosphate from mast cells independently of their degranulation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17050692" target=" blank">17050692</a>). Participates in inflammatory response by allowing export of leukotriene C4 from leukotriene C4-synthezing cells (By similarity). Mediates ATP- dependent, GSH-independent cyclic GMP-AMP (cGAMP) export (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36070769" target=" blank">36070769</a>). Thus, by limiting intracellular cGAMP concentrations negatively regulates the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36070769" target="\_blank">36070769</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00441, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16230346}

### **Tissue Location**

Lung, testis and peripheral blood mononuclear cells

### **Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry



- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of MRP1 using anti-MRP1 (ABO12895). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions.lane 1: HELA whole cell lysates, lane 2: A549 whole cell lysates. After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-MRP1 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO12895) at 0.5 Î<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>g/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for MRP1 at approximately 220KD. The expected band size for MRP1 is at 220KD.

### Anti-MRP1 Picoband Antibody - Background

Multidrug resistance-associated protein 1 (MRP1) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the ABCC1 gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra-and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This full transporter is a member of the MRP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug resistance. This protein functions as a multispecific organic anion transporter, with oxidized glutatione, cysteinyl leukotrienes, and activated aflatoxin B1 as substrates. This protein also transports glucuronides and sulfate conjugates of steroid hormones and bile salts. Alternatively spliced variants of this gene have been described but their full-length nature is unknown.