

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12962

Specification

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P52292
Host Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Importin subunit alpha-1(KPNA2) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3838

Other Names

Importin subunit alpha-1, Karyopherin subunit alpha-2, RAG cohort protein 1, SRP1-alpha, KPNA2, RCH1, SRP1

Calculated MW 57862 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human

Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm . Nucleus .

Tissue Specificity

Expressed ubiquitously.

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human KPNA2 (2-46aa STNENANTPAARLHRFKNKGKDSTEMRRRRIEVNVELRKAKKDDQ), different from the related mouse sequence by three amino acids.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.



Cross ReactivityNo cross reactivity with other proteins.

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name KPNA2 (HGNC:6395)

Synonyms RCH1, SRP1

Function

Functions in nuclear protein import as an adapter protein for nuclear receptor KPNB1 (PubMed: 28991411, PubMed:32130408, PubMed:7604027, PubMed:7754385). Binds specifically and directly to substrates containing either a simple or bipartite NLS motif (PubMed: 28991411, PubMed:32130408, PubMed:7604027, PubMed:7754385). Docking of the importin/substrate complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated by KPNB1 through binding to nucleoporin FxFG repeats and the complex is subsequently translocated through the pore by an energy requiring, Ran-dependent mechanism (PubMed:7604027, PubMed:7754385). At the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC, Ran binds to importin-beta and the three components separate and importin-alpha and -beta are re-exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where GTP hydrolysis releases Ran from importin. The directionality of nuclear import is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus. Mediator of PR-DUB complex component BAP1 nuclear import; acts redundantly with KPNA1 and Transportin-1/TNPO1 (PubMed: 35446349).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus

Tissue Location Expressed ubiquitously.

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence



- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody - Images

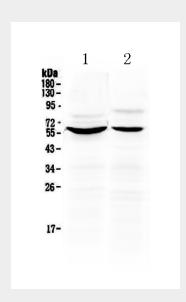


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of KPNA2 using anti-KPNA2 antibody (ABO12962).

Anti-KPNA2 Picoband Antibody - Background

Importin subunit alpha-2 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the KPNA2 gene. The import of proteins into the nucleus is a process that involves at least 2 steps. The first is an energy-independent docking of the protein to the nuclear envelope and the second is an energy-dependent translocation through the nuclear pore complex. Imported proteins require a nuclear localization sequence (NLS) which generally consists of a short region of basic amino acids or 2 such regions spaced about 10 amino acids apart. Proteins involved in the first step of nuclear import have been identified in different systems. These include the Xenopus protein importin and its yeast homolog, SRP1 (a suppressor of certain temperature-sensitive mutations of RNA polymerase I in Saccharomyces cerevisiae), which bind to the NLS. KPNA2 protein interacts with the NLSs of DNA helicase Q1 and SV40 T antigen and may be involved in the nuclear transport of proteins. KPNA2 also may play a role in V(D)] recombination.