

Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13311

Specification

Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC

Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
Reactivity
Clonality
Format
P15529
Rabbit IgG
Rabbit IgG
Human
Monoclonal
Liquid

Description

Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4179

Other Names

Membrane cofactor protein, TLX, Trophoblast leukocyte common antigen, CD46, CD46, MCP, MIC10

Calculated MW

43747 MW KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000
IHC 1:50-1:200
ICC/IF 1:50-1:200</br>

Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, acrosome inner membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein. Inner acrosomal membrane of spermatozoa. Internalized upon binding of Measles virus, Herpesvirus 6 or Neisseria gonorrhoeae, which results in an increased susceptibility of infected cells to complement-mediated injury. In cancer cells or cells infected by Neisseria, shedding leads to a soluble peptide.

Tissue Specificity

Expressed by all cells except erythrocytes.

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human CD46

Purification

Affinity-chromatography



Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CD46

Synonyms MCP, MIC10

Function

Acts as a cofactor for complement factor I, a serine protease which protects autologous cells against complement-mediated injury by cleaving C3b and C4b deposited on host tissue. May be involved in the fusion of the spermatozoa with the oocyte during fertilization. Also acts as a costimulatory factor for T-cells which induces the differentiation of CD4+ into T-regulatory 1 cells. T-regulatory 1 cells suppress immune responses by secreting interleukin-10, and therefore are thought to prevent autoimmunity.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, acrosome inner membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Inner acrosomal membrane of spermatozoa. Internalized upon binding of Measles virus, Herpesvirus 6 or Neisseria gonorrhoeae, which results in an increased susceptibility of infected cells to complement-mediated injury. In cancer cells or cells infected by Neisseria, shedding leads to a soluble peptide

Tissue Location

Expressed by all cells except erythrocytes.

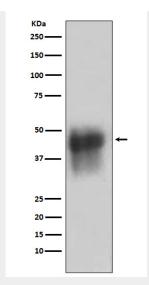
Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

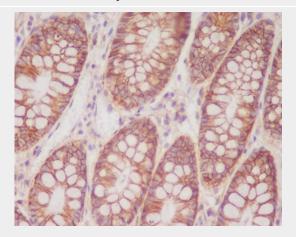
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-CD46 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

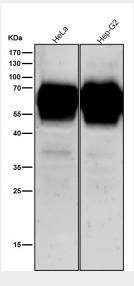




Western blot analysis of CD46 in K562 cell lysate.

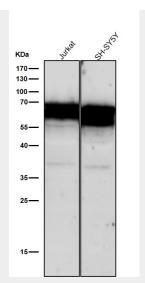


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon, using CD46 Antibody.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:2K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.





All lanes use the Antibody at 1:2K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.