

### **Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO13692** 

# Specification

## **Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC

Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

## **Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 6773** 

**Other Names** 

Signal transducer and activator of transcription 2, p113, STAT2

Calculated MW 97916 MW KDa

**Application Details** 

WB 1:1000-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200</br>

**Subcellular Localization** 

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Translocated into the nucleus upon activation by IFN-alpha/beta.

**Contents** 

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen** 

A synthesized peptide derived from human STAT2

**Purification** 

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**



#### Name STAT2

#### **Function**

Signal transducer and activator of transcription that mediates signaling by type I interferons (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta). Following type I IFN binding to cell surface receptors, Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) are activated, leading to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. The phosphorylated STATs dimerize, associate with IRF9/ISGF3G to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus. ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated response element (ISRE) to activate the transcription of interferon stimulated genes, which drive the cell in an antiviral state (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23391734" target="\_blank">23391734</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9020188" target="\_blank">9020188</a>, In addition, also has a negative feedback regulatory role in the type I interferon signaling by recruiting USP18 to the type I IFN receptor subunit IFNAR2 thereby mitigating the response to type I IFNs (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28165510" target="\_blank">28165510</a>). Acts as a regulator of mitochondrial fission by modulating the phosphorylation of DNM1L at 'Ser-616' and 'Ser-637' which activate and inactivate the GTPase activity of DNM1L respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23391734" target="\_blank">23391734</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26122121" target="\_blank">26122121</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9020188" target="\_blank">9020188</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Translocated into the nucleus upon activation by IFN-alpha/beta

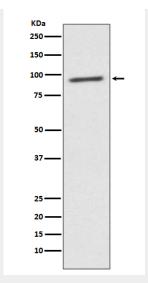
### **Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

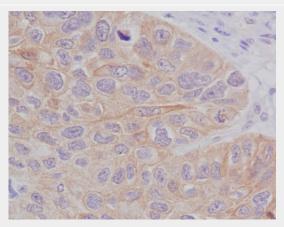
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### **Anti-STAT2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images**

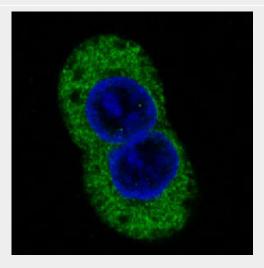




Western blot analysis of STAT2 expression in K562 cell lysate.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer, using STAT2 Antibody.



Immunofluorescent analysis of A431 cells, using STAT2 Antibody.