

Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13698

Specification

Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IF, ICC, IP, FC

Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

Description

Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4303

Other Names

Forkhead box protein O4, Fork head domain transcription factor AFX1, FOXO4, AFX, AFX1, MLLT7

Calculated MW

53684 MW KDa

Application Details

WB 1:1000-1:2000
ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
IP 1:50
FC 1:100

Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. When phosphorylated, translocated from nucleus to cytoplasm. Dephosphorylation triggers nuclear translocation. Monoubiquitination increases nuclear localization. When deubiquitinated, translocated from nucleus to cytoplasm.

Tissue Specificity

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Isoform zeta is most abundant in the liver, kidney, and pancreas.

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human FoxO4

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term



storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name FOXO4

Synonyms AFX, AFX1, MLLT7

Function

Transcription factor involved in the regulation of the insulin signaling pathway. Binds to insulin-response elements (IREs) and can activate transcription of IGFBP1. Down-regulates expression of HIF1A and suppresses hypoxia-induced transcriptional activation of HIF1A-modulated genes. Also involved in negative regulation of the cell cycle. Involved in increased proteasome activity in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) by activating expression of PSMD11 in ESCs, leading to enhanced assembly of the 26S proteasome, followed by higher proteasome activity.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=When phosphorylated, translocated from nucleus to cytoplasm. Dephosphorylation triggers nuclear translocation. Monoubiquitination increases nuclear localization. When deubiquitinated, translocated from nucleus to cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Isoform zeta is most abundant in the liver, kidney, and pancreas

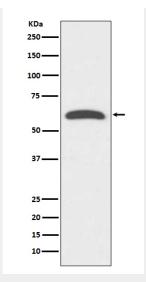
Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

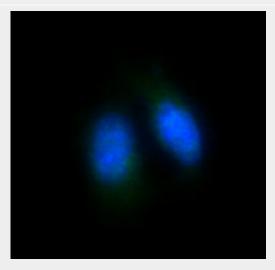
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-FoxO4/Afx Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of FoxO4 expression in human heart lysate.



Immunofluorescent analysis of Hela cells, using FoxO4 Antibody.