

**Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO13964****Specification**

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**Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q05682</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

**Description**

Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 800

**Other Names**

Caldesmon, CDM, CALD1, CAD, CDM

**Calculated MW**

93231 MW KDa

**Application Details**

WB 1:1000-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:50<br>FC 1:50

**Subcellular Localization**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, myofibril. On thin filaments in smooth muscle and on stress fibers in fibroblasts (nonmuscle)..

**Tissue Specificity**

High-molecular-weight caldesmon (isoform 1) is predominantly expressed in smooth muscles, whereas low-molecular- weight caldesmon (isoforms 2, 3, 4 and 5) are widely distributed in non-muscle tissues and cells. Not expressed in skeletal muscle or heart.

**Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human Caldesmon

**Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

**Storage**

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term**

**storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

## **Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** CALD1

**Synonyms** CAD, CDM

### **Function**

Actin- and myosin-binding protein implicated in the regulation of actomyosin interactions in smooth muscle and nonmuscle cells (could act as a bridge between myosin and actin filaments). Stimulates actin binding of tropomyosin which increases the stabilization of actin filament structure. In muscle tissues, inhibits the actomyosin ATPase by binding to F-actin. This inhibition is attenuated by calcium-calmodulin and is potentiated by tropomyosin. Interacts with actin, myosin, two molecules of tropomyosin and with calmodulin. Also plays an essential role during cellular mitosis and receptor capping. Involved in Schwann cell migration during peripheral nerve regeneration (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13505}. Cytoplasm, myofibril {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13505}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, stress fiber {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13505}. Note=On thin filaments in smooth muscle and on stress fibers in fibroblasts (nonmuscle) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13505}

### **Tissue Location**

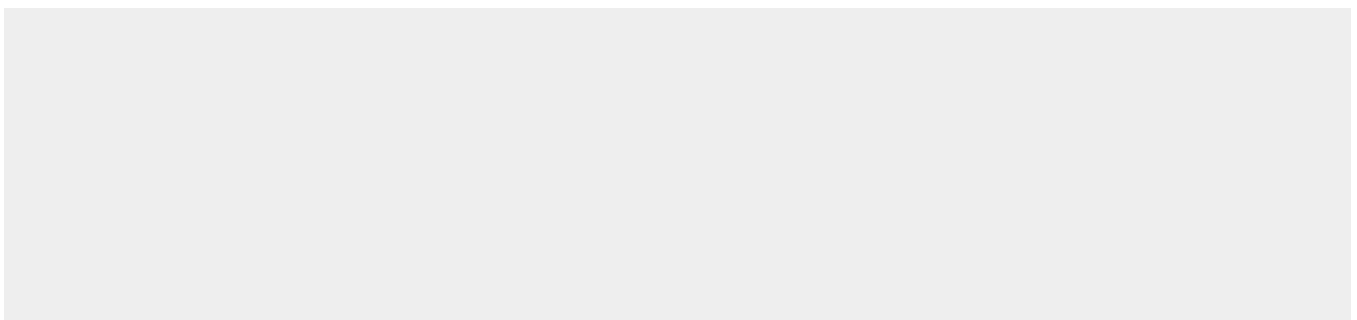
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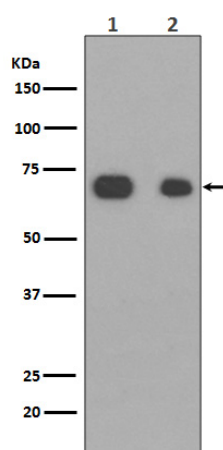
## **Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## **Anti-Caldesmon CALD1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images**





Western blot analysis of Caldesmon expression in (1)NIH3T3 cell lysate; (2)HeLa cell lysate.