

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO14407**Specification**

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	Q9UIS9
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4152

Other Names

Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 1, CXXC-type zinc finger protein 3, Methyl-CpG-binding protein MBD1, Protein containing methyl-CpG-binding domain 1, MBD1 (http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=6916)>HGNC:6916), CXXC3, PCM1

Calculated MW

67, 80 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:1000
IHC 1:50-1:200
ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
IP 1:20

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human MBD1

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name MBD1 ([HGNC:6916](#))

Synonyms CXXC3, PCM1

Function

Transcriptional repressor that binds CpG islands in promoters where the DNA is methylated at position 5 of cytosine within CpG dinucleotides. Binding is abolished by the presence of 7-mG that is produced by DNA damage by methylmethanesulfonate (MMS). Acts as transcriptional repressor and plays a role in gene silencing by recruiting ATF7IP, which in turn recruits factors such as the histone methyltransferase SETDB1. Probably forms a complex with SETDB1 and ATF7IP that represses transcription and couples DNA methylation and histone 'Lys-9' trimethylation. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 can also repress transcription from unmethylated promoters.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus matrix. Nucleus speckle Chromosome Note=Nuclear, in a punctate pattern (PubMed:12711603). Associated with euchromatic regions of the chromosomes, with pericentromeric regions on chromosome 1 and with telomeric regions from several chromosomes (PubMed:10454587, PubMed:10648624).

Tissue Location

Widely expressed..

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-MBD1 Monoclonal Antibody - Images

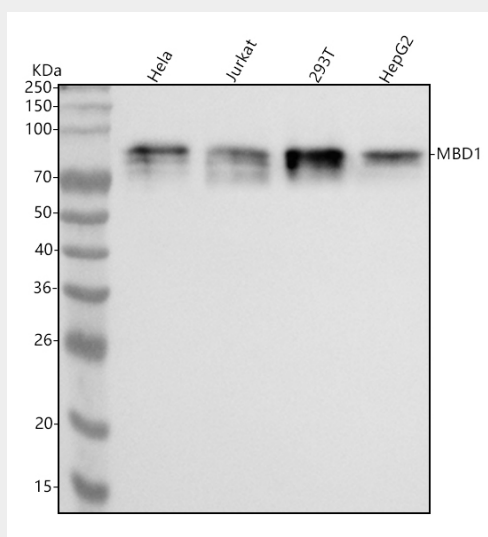


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of MBD1 using anti-MBD1 antibody (M02336).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human Hela whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human Jurkat whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human 293T whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: human HepG2 whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-MBD1 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M02336) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:1000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for MBD1 at approximately 67, 80 kDa. The expected band size for MBD1 is at 67 kDa.