

## Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody

**Catalog # ABO14481** 

# **Specification**

## **Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP, FC

**Primary Accession** P33993 **Rabbit** Isotype Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal **Format** Liquid

Description

Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

# **Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 4176**

#### **Other Names**

DNA replication licensing factor MCM7, 3.6.4.12, CDC47 homolog, P1.1-MCM3, MCM7 (<a href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene symbol report?hgnc id=6950" target=" blank">HGNC:6950</a>), CDC47, MCM2

### **Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:2000<br/>br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br/>br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br/>br>IP 1:50<br/>br>FC 1:50

#### **Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

## **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human MCM7 Acts as component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the putative replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit.

### **Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

> storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**



Name MCM7 (HGNC:6950)

Synonyms CDC47, MCM2

#### **Function**

Acts as a component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. Core component of CDC45-MCM-GINS (CMG) helicase, the molecular machine that unwinds template DNA during replication, and around which the replisome is built (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25661590" target=" blank">25661590</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32453425" target="blank">32453425</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34694004" target="blank">34694004</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34700328" target="\_blank">34700328</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35585232" target="blank">35585232</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9305914" target=" blank">9305914</a>). The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32453425" target=" blank">32453425</a>). Required for S-phase checkpoint activation upon UV-induced damage.

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Associated with chromatin before the formation of nuclei and detaches from it as DNA replication progresses.

## **Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### Anti-MCM7 Monoclonal Antibody - Images



