

## **Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO14518** 

## **Specification**

# **Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP

Primary Accession

Host
Isotype

Q15628

Rabbit
Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

## **Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 8717**

### **Other Names**

Tumor necrosis factor receptor type 1-associated DEATH domain protein, TNFR1-associated DEATH domain protein, TNFRSF1A-associated via death domain, TRADD {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7758105, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12030}

### **Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:1000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:10

#### **Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

## **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human TRADD Adapter molecule for TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 that specifically associates with the cytoplasmic domain of activated TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 mediating its interaction with FADD. Overexpression of TRADD leads to two major TNF-induced responses, apoptosis and activation of NF-kappa-B.

### **Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**



Name TRADD {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7758105, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12030}

#### **Function**

Adapter molecule for TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 that specifically associates with the cytoplasmic domain of activated TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 mediating its interaction with FADD (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23955153" target="\_blank">23955153</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7758105" target="\_blank">7758105</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8612133" target="\_blank">8612133</a>). Overexpression of TRADD leads to two major TNF-induced responses, apoptosis and activation of NF-kappa-B (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7758105" target="\_blank">7758105</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8612133" target="\_blank">8612133</a>, The nuclear form acts as a tumor suppressor by preventing ubiquitination and degradation of isoform p19ARF/ARF of CDKN2A by TRIP12: acts by interacting with TRIP12, leading to disrupt interaction between TRIP12 and isoform p19ARF/ARF of CDKN2A (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3U0V2}. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3U0V2}

#### **Tissue Location**

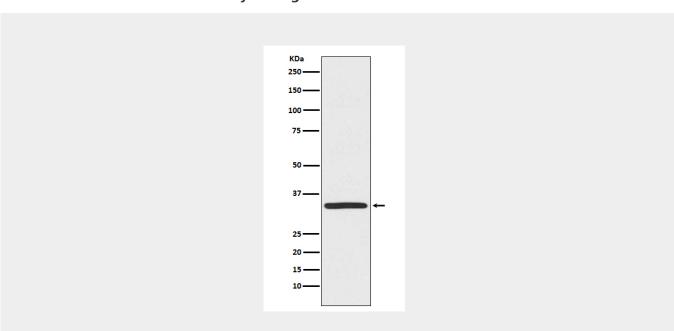
Found in all examined tissues.

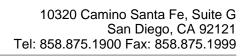
## **Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### **Anti-TRADD Monoclonal Antibody - Images**







Western blot analysis of TRADD expression in Hela cell lysate.