

Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO14661

Specification

Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, FC **Primary Accession** P31415 Host **Rabbit** Isotype Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal **Format** Liquid

Description

Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody. Tested in WB, IHC, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 844

Other Names

Calsequestrin-1, Calmitine, Calsequestrin, skeletal muscle isoform, CASQ1, CASQ

Application Details

WB 1:1000-1:5000
IHC 1:50-1:200
FC 1:100

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human Calsequestrin 1 Calsequestrin is a high-capacity, moderate affinity, calcium-binding protein and thus acts as an internal calcium store in muscle. The release of calcium bound to calsequestrin through a calcium release channel triggers muscle contraction. Binds 40 to 50 moles of calcium. Also binds laminin.

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CASQ1



Synonyms CASQ

Function

Calsequestrin is a high-capacity, moderate affinity, calcium- binding protein and thus acts as an internal calcium store in muscle (PubMed:28895244). Calcium ions are bound by clusters of acidic residues at the protein surface, often at the interface between subunits. Can bind around 80 Ca(2+) ions (PubMed:28895244). Regulates the release of lumenal Ca(2+) via the calcium release channel RYR1; this plays an important role in triggering muscle contraction. Negatively regulates store-operated Ca(2+) entry (SOCE) activity (PubMed:27185316).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum Sarcoplasmic reticulum. Sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07221}. Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Lumenal side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07221}. Mitochondrion matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O09165}. Note=This isoform of calsequestrin occurs in the sarcoplasmic reticulum's terminal cisternae luminal spaces of fast skeletal muscle cells. Preferentially forms linear and round aggregates in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) of resting cells (PubMed:28895244). In a minority of cells, homogeneously detected in the ER lumen (PubMed:28895244). Colocalizes with STIM1 at endoplasmic reticulum in response to a depletion of intracellular calcium (PubMed:27185316). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07221, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27185316, ECO:0000269|PubMed:28895244}

Tissue Location

Expressed in myoblasts (at protein level).

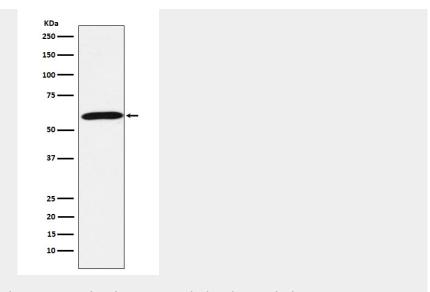
Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-Calsequestrin 1 Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Calsequestrin 1 expression in Human skeletal muscle lysate.