

# Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody

**Catalog # ABO14689** 

## **Specification**

# Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP, FC

Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

## Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 1152**

## **Other Names**

Creatine kinase B-type, 2.7.3.2, Brain creatine kinase, B-CK, Creatine kinase B chain, Creatine phosphokinase B-type, CPK-B, CKB (<a href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\_symbol\_report?hgnc\_id=1991" target="blank">HGNC:1991</a>), CKBB

## **Application Details**

WB 1:1000-1:5000<br/>br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br/>br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br/>br>IP 1:50<br/>br>FC 1:50

## Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

## **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human Creatine kinase B type Reversibly catalyzes the transfer of phosphate between ATP and various phosphogens (e.g. creatine phosphate). Creatine kinase isoenzymes play a central role in energy transduction in tissues with large, fluctuating energy demands, such as skeletal muscle, heart, brain and spermatozoa.

### **Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

# Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information



Name CKB (HGNC:1991)

## **Synonyms** CKBB

### **Function**

Reversibly catalyzes the transfer of phosphate between ATP and various phosphogens (e.g. creatine phosphate) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8186255" target="\_blank">8186255</a>). Creatine kinase isoenzymes play a central role in energy transduction in tissues with large, fluctuating energy demands, such as skeletal muscle, heart, brain and spermatozoa (Probable). Acts as a key regulator of adaptive thermogenesis as part of the futile creatine cycle: localizes to the mitochondria of thermogenic fat cells and acts by mediating phosphorylation of creatine to initiate a futile cycle of creatine phosphorylation and dephosphorylation (By similarity). During the futile creatine cycle, creatine and N-phosphocreatine are in a futile cycle, which dissipates the high energy charge of N- phosphocreatine as heat without performing any mechanical or chemical work (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

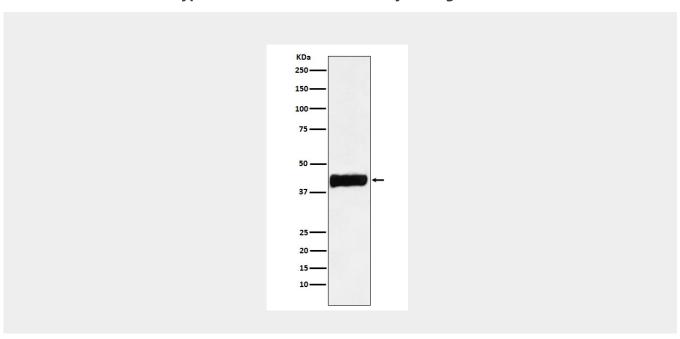
Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q04447}. Mitochondrion {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q04447}. Cell membrane. Note=Localizes to the mitochondria of thermogenic fat cells via the internal MTS-like signal (iMTS-L) region {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q04447}

# Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### Anti-Creatine kinase B type CKB Monoclonal Antibody - Images







Western blot analysis of Creatine kinase B type expression in SHSY5Y cell lysate.