

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8)

Catalog # ABO14982

Specification

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC, FC

Primary Accession P04075
Host Mouse

Isotype
Reactivity
Clonality
Format

Mouse IgG2b
Human
Monoclonal
Lyophilized

Description

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) . Tested in Flow Cytometry, IF, IHC, ICC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) - Additional Information

Gene ID 226

Other Names

Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A, 4.1.2.13, Lung cancer antigen NY-LU-1, Muscle-type aldolase, ALDOA (HGNC:414), ALDA

Calculated MW

39 kDa KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.25-0.5 μ g/ml, Human
 Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Section), 2-5 μ g/ml, Human
 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, 5 μ g/ml, Human
 Flow Cytometry, 1- μ g/1x10^6 cells, Human

Contents

Each vial contains 4mg Trehalose, 0.9mg NaCl and 0.2mg Na2HPO4.

Immunoger

E.coli-derived human Aldolase/ALDOA recombinant protein (Position: E50-Y364).

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid



repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) - Protein Information

Name ALDOA (HGNC:414)

Synonyms ALDA

Function

Catalyzes the reversible conversion of beta-D-fructose 1,6- bisphosphate (FBP) into two triose phosphate and plays a key role in glycolysis and gluconeogenesis (PubMed:14766013). In addition, may also function as scaffolding protein (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, I band {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00883}. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, M line {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00883}. Note=In skeletal muscle, accumulates around the M line and within the I band, colocalizing with FBP2 on both sides of the Z line in the absence of Ca(2+) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00883}

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) - Images

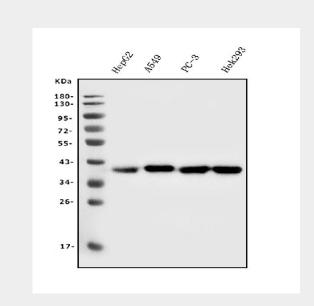


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of Aldolase/ALDOA using anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antibody



(M05022-2).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human HEPG2 whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human A549 whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human PC-3 whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: human Hek293 whole cell lysates.

After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M05022-2) at 0.5 μ g/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for Aldolase/ALDOA at approximately 39KD. The expected band size for Aldolase/ALDOA is at 39KD.

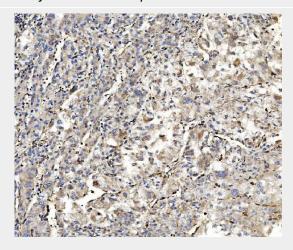


Figure 2. IHC analysis of Aldolase/ALDOA using anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antibody (M05022-2). Aldolase/ALDOA was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human liver cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 μ g/ml mouse anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody (M05022-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse lgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

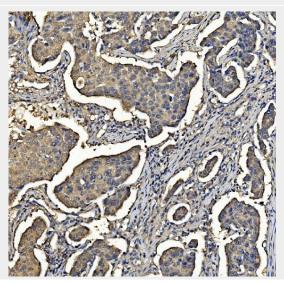




Figure 3. IHC analysis of Aldolase/ALDOA using anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antibody (M05022-2). Aldolase/ALDOA was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human breast cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 μ g/ml mouse anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody (M05022-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

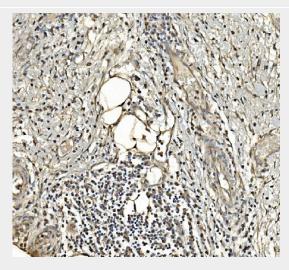


Figure 4. IHC analysis of Aldolase/ALDOA using anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antibody (M05022-2). Aldolase/ALDOA was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human rectal cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 μ g/ml mouse anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody (M05022-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

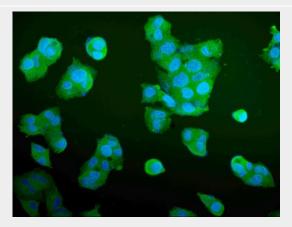


Figure 5. IF analysis of Aldolase/ALDOA using anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antibody (M05022-2). Aldolase/ALDOA was detected in immunocytochemical section of HEPG2 cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 5 μ g/mL mouse anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody (M05022-2) overnight at 4°C. DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.



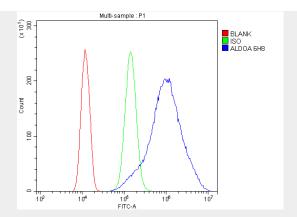


Figure 6. Flow Cytometry analysis of SiHa cells using anti-Aldolase/ALDOA antibody (M05022-2). Overlay histogram showing SiHa cells stained with M05022-2 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with mouse anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody (M05022-2, 1 μ g/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (BA1126, 5-10 μ g/1x10⁶ cells) was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was mouse IgG (1 μ g/1x10⁶) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

Anti-Aldolase/ALDOA Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H8) - Background

Aldolase A (ALDOA, or ALDA), also known as fructose-bisphosphate aldolase, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the ALDOA gene on chromosome 16. This gene encodes a member of the class I fructose-bisphosphate aldolase protein family. The encoded protein is a glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different genes, are differentially expressed during development. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Glycogen Storage Disease XII, an autosomal recessive disorder associated with hemolytic anemia. Disruption of this gene also plays a role in the progression of multiple types of cancers. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 3 and 10.