

## Anti-Emi1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO15330

## Specification

# Anti-Emi1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP **Primary Accession Q9UKT4** Rabbit Host Isotype laG Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid Description Anti-Emi1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP applications. This antibody

## Anti-Emil Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 26271

reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Other Names** F-box only protein 5, Early mitotic inhibitor 1, FBXO5 (<a href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\_symbol\_report?hgnc\_id=13584" target="\_blank">HGNC:13584</a>)

Calculated MW 56 kDa KDa

Application Details WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:40

**Contents** Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human Emi1

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Anti-Emi1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information



## Name FBXO5 (HGNC:13584)

#### Function

Regulator of APC activity during mitotic and meiotic cell cycle (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16921029" target=" blank">16921029</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17234884" target=" blank">17234884</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17485488" target=" blank">17485488</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17875940" target=" blank">17875940</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23708001" target=" blank">23708001</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23708605" target="\_blank">23708605</a>). During mitotic cell cycle plays a role as both substrate and inhibitor of APC-FZR1 complex (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16921029" target="\_blank">16921029</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17234884" target=" blank">17234884</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17485488" target=" blank">17485488</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17875940" target=" blank">17875940</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23708001" target=" blank">23708001</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23708605" target=" blank">23708605</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29875408" target="blank">29875408</a>). During G1 phase, plays a role as substrate of APC-FZR1 complex E3 ligase (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29875408" target=" blank">29875408</a>). Then switches as an inhibitor of APC-FZR1 complex during S and G2 leading to cell-cycle commitment (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29875408" target=" blank">29875408</a>). As APC inhibitor, prevents the degradation of APC substrates at multiple levels: by interacting with APC and blocking access of APC substrates to the D-box coreceptor, formed by FZR1 and ANAPC10; by suppressing ubiquitin ligation and chain elongation by APC by preventing the UBE2C and UBE2S activities (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16921029" target=" blank">16921029</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23708001" target=" blank">23708001</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23708605" target=" blank">23708605</a>). Plays a role in genome integrity preservation by coordinating DNA replication with mitosis through APC inhibition in interphase to stabilize CCNA2 and GMNN in order to promote mitosis and prevent rereplication and DNA damage-induced cellular senescence (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17234884" target=" blank">17234884</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17485488" target=" blank">17485488</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17875940" target=" blank">17875940</a>). During oocyte maturation, plays a role in meiosis through inactivation of APC-FZR1 complex. Inhibits APC through RPS6KA2 interaction that increases FBXO5 affinity for CDC20 leading to the metaphase arrest of the second meiotic division before fertilization (By similarity). Controls entry into the first meiotic division through inactivation of APC-FZR1 complex (By similarity). Promotes migration and osteogenic differentiation of mesenchymal stem cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29850565" target="\_blank">29850565</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Note=In interphase, localizes in a punctate manner in the nucleus and cytoplasm with some perinuclear concentration (PubMed:11988738). In mitotic cells, localizes throughout the cell, particularly at the spindle (PubMed:15469984)

## Anti-Emi1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence



- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-Emi1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

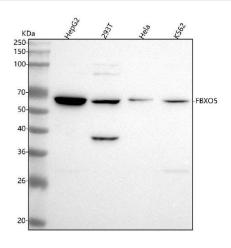


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of Emi1 using anti-Emi1 antibody (M05229-2).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human HepG2 whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human 293T whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human Hela whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: human K562 whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-Emi1 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M05229-2) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:500 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for Emi1 at approximately 65 kDa.