

Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO15642**Specification**

Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O43791
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB application. This antibody reacts with Human.

Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8405

Other Names

Speckle-type POZ protein, HIB homolog 1, Roadkill homolog 1, SPOP (http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=11254)
HGNC:11254

Calculated MW

42 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:1000

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human SPOP

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name SPOP ([HGNC:11254](#))

Function

Component of a cullin-RING-based BCR (BTB-CUL3-RBX1) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex that mediates the ubiquitination of target proteins, leading most often to their proteasomal degradation. In complex with CUL3, involved in ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation of BRMS1, DAXX, PDX1/IPF1, GLI2 and GLI3. In complex with CUL3, involved in ubiquitination of MACROH2A1 and BMI1; this does not lead to their proteasomal degradation. Inhibits transcriptional activation of PDX1/IPF1 targets, such as insulin, by promoting PDX1/IPF1 degradation. The cullin-RING-based BCR (BTB-CUL3-RBX1) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex containing homodimeric SPOP has higher ubiquitin ligase activity than the complex that contains the heterodimer formed by SPOP and SPOPL. Involved in the regulation of bromodomain and extra-terminal motif (BET) proteins BRD2, BRD3, BRD4 stability (PubMed:32109420). Plays an essential role for proper translation, but not for their degradation, of critical DNA replication licensing factors CDT1 and CDC6, thereby participating in DNA synthesis and cell proliferation (PubMed:36791496). Regulates interferon regulatory factor 1/IRF1 proteasomal turnover by targeting S/T-rich degrons in IRF1 (PubMed:37622993). Facilitates the lysosome-dependent degradation of enterovirus EV71 protease 2A by inducing its 'Lys-48'- linked polyubiquitination, which ultimately restricts EV71 replication (PubMed:37796126). Acts as an antiviral factor also against hepatitis B virus/HBV by promoting ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of HNF1A (PubMed:38018242). In turn, inhibits HBV transcription and replication by preventing HNF1A stimulating activity of HBV preS1 promoter and enhancer II (PubMed:38018242). Involved in ubiquitination of BRDT and promotes its degradation, thereby regulates histone removal in early condensing spermatids prior to histone-to-protamine exchange (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

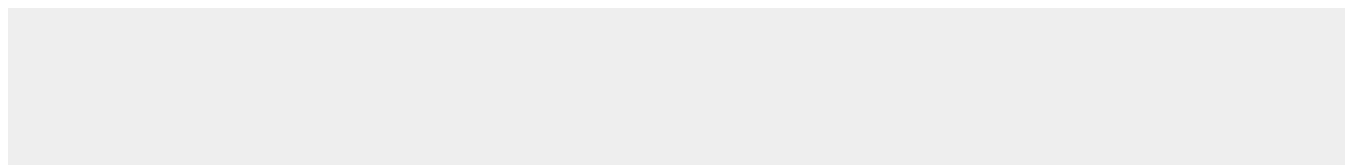
Widely expressed..

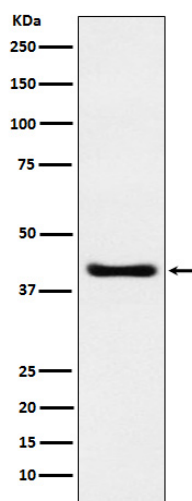
Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-SPOP Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of SPOP expression in HepG2 cell lysate.