

Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO15759

Specification

Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IF, ICC, IP, FC

Primary Accession

Host
Isotype
Reactivity
Clonality
Format

P27708
Rabbit
IgG
Human
Monoclonal
Liquid

Description

Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 790

Other Names

Multifunctional protein CAD, Carbamoyl phosphate synthetase 2-aspartate transcarbamylase-dihydroorotase, Glutamine-dependent carbamoyl phosphate synthase, 6.3.5.5, Glutamine amidotransferase, GATase, GLNase, 3.5.1.2, Aspartate carbamoyltransferase, 2.1.3.2, Dihydroorotase, 3.5.2.3, CAD (HGNC:1424)

Calculated MW 260 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:1000
br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
br>IP 1:30
br>FC 1:80

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human CAD

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CAD (HGNC:1424)

Function

Multifunctional protein that encodes the first 3 enzymatic activities of the de novo pyrimidine pathway: carbamoylphosphate synthetase (CPSase; EC 6.3.5.5), aspartate transcarbamylase (ATCase; EC 2.1.3.2) and dihydroorotase (DHOase; EC 3.5.2.3). The CPSase-function is accomplished in 2 steps, by a glutamine-dependent amidotransferase activity (GATase) that binds and cleaves glutamine to produce ammonia, followed by an ammonium-dependent carbamoyl phosphate synthetase, which reacts with the ammonia, hydrogencarbonate and ATP to form carbamoyl phosphate. The endogenously produced carbamoyl phosphate is sequestered and channeled to the ATCase active site. ATCase then catalyzes the formation of carbamoyl-L-aspartate from L-aspartate and carbamoyl phosphate. In the last step, DHOase catalyzes the cyclization of carbamoyl aspartate to dihydroorotate.

Cellular Location

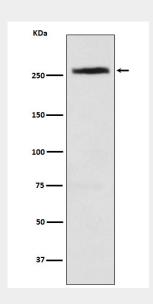
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytosolic and unphosphorylated in resting cells, translocates to the nucleus in response to EGF stimulation, nuclear import promotes optimal cell growth

Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-CAD Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of CAD expression in HeLa cell lysate.