

## **Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO15869** 

# **Specification**

# **Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC

Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

# **Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

#### Gene ID 10644

#### **Other Names**

Insulin-like growth factor 2 mRNA-binding protein 2, IGF2 mRNA-binding protein 2, IMP-2, Hepatocellular carcinoma autoantigen p62, IGF-II mRNA-binding protein 2, VICKZ family member 2, IGF2BP2, IMP2, VICKZ2

# Calculated MW 66 kDa, 62 kDa KDa

# Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200</br>

#### Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

## **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human IMP2

### **Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**



#### Name IGF2BP2

Synonyms IMP2, VICKZ2

#### **Function**

RNA-binding factor that recruits target transcripts to cytoplasmic protein-RNA complexes (mRNPs). This transcript 'caging' into mRNPs allows mRNA transport and transient storage. It also modulates the rate and location at which target transcripts encounter the translational apparatus and shields them from endonuclease attacks or microRNA-mediated degradation (By similarity). Preferentially binds to N6-methyladenosine (m6A)-containing mRNAs and increases their stability (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29476152" target="\_blank">29476152</a>). Binds to the 5'-UTR of the insulin-like growth factor 2 (IGF2) mRNAs (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9891060" target="\_blank">9891060</a>). Binding is isoform- specific. Binds to beta-actin/ACTB and MYC transcripts. Increases MYC mRNA stability by binding to the coding region instability determinant (CRD) and binding is enhanced by m6A-modification of the CRD (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29476152" target="blank">29476152</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, P-body. Cytoplasm, Stress granule. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs. Localizes at the connecting piece and the tail of the spermatozoa. In response to cellular stress, such as oxidative stress, recruited to stress granules

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in oocytes, granulosa cells of small and growing follicles, Leydig cells, spermatogonia and semen (at protein level). Expressed in testicular cancer (at protein level). Expressed weakly in heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, bone marrow, colon, kidney, salivary glands, testis and pancreas. Detected in fetal liver, fetal ovary, gonocytes and interstitial cells of the testis

## Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Anti-IMP2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



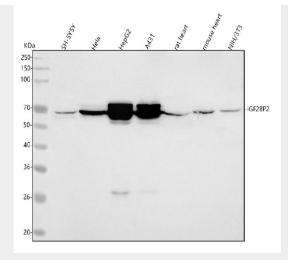


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of IMP2 using anti-IMP2 antibody (M02010-1).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human SH-SY5Y whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human Hela whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human HepG2 whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: human A431 whole cell lysates,

Lane 5: rat heart tissue lysates,

Lane 6: mouse heart tissue lysates,

Lane 7: mouse NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-IMP2 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M02010-1) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:1000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for IMP2 at approximately 66 kDa. The expected band size for IMP2 is at 66 kDa.

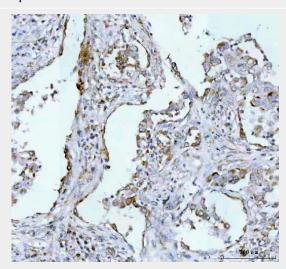


Figure 2. IHC analysis of IMP2 using anti-IMP2 antibody (M02010-1).

IMP2 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human lung cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1:50 rabbit



anti-IMP2 Antibody (M02010-1) overnight at 4°C. Peroxidase Conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using HRP Conjugated Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (Catalog # SV0002) with DAB as the chromogen.

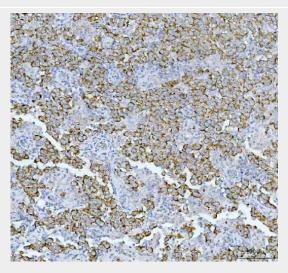


Figure 3. IHC analysis of IMP2 using anti-IMP2 antibody (M02010-1). IMP2 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human testicular germ cell tumor tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1:50 rabbit anti-IMP2 Antibody (M02010-1) overnight at 4°C. Peroxidase Conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using HRP Conjugated Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (Catalog # SV0002) with DAB as the chromogen.