

# **Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO16076** 

# **Specification**

# **Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC, FC

Primary Accession

Host
Isotype

O60427

Rabbit
IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

# **Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 3992**

## **Other Names**

Acyl-CoA (8-3)-desaturase, 1.14.19.44, Delta(5) fatty acid desaturase, D5D, Delta-5 desaturase, Fatty acid desaturase 1, FADS1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10860662, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:3574}

# Calculated MW

52 kDa KDa

## **Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>FC 1:50</br>

#### **Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

# **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from FADS1

## **Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**



Name FADS1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10860662, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:3574}

## **Function**

[Isoform 1]: Acts as a front-end fatty acyl-coenzyme A (CoA) desaturase that introduces a cis double bond at carbon 5 located between a preexisting double bond and the carboxyl end of the fatty acyl chain. Involved in biosynthesis of highly unsaturated fatty acids (HUFA) from the essential polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) linoleic acid (LA) (18:2n-6) and alpha-linolenic acid (ALA) (18:3n-3) precursors. Specifically, desaturates dihomo-gamma-linoleoate (DGLA) (20:3n-6) and eicosatetraenoate (ETA) (20:4n-3) to generate arachidonate (AA) (20:4n-6) and eicosapentaenoate (EPA) (20:5n-3), respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10601301" target="\_blank">10601301</a>/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10769175" target="\_blank">10769175</a>/a>). As a rate limiting enzyme for DGLA (20:3n-6) and AA (20:4n-6)-derived eicosanoid biosynthesis, controls the metabolism of inflammatory lipids like prostaglandin E2, critical for efficient acute inflammatory response and maintenance of epithelium homeostasis. Contributes to membrane phospholipid biosynthesis by providing AA (20:4n-6) as a major acyl chain esterified into phospholipids. In

**Cellular Location** 

similarity).

[Isoform 1]: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:A4UVI1}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:A4UVI1}. Mitochondrion

particular, regulates phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate levels, modulating inflammatory

(trans-vaccenoate)(18:1n-9), a metabolite in the biohydrogenation pathway of LA (18:2n-6) (By

cytokine production in T-cells (By similarity). Also desaturates (11E)- octadecenoate

## **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed, with highest levels in liver, brain, adrenal gland and heart. Highly expressed in fetal liver and brain.

## Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

# Anti-FADS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



