

Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO16092

Specification

Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IP
Primary Accession
Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

Description

Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, IP applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1175

Other Names

AP-2 complex subunit sigma, Adaptor protein complex AP-2 subunit sigma, Adaptor-related protein complex 2 subunit sigma, Clathrin assembly protein 2 sigma small chain, Clathrin coat assembly protein AP17, Clathrin coat-associated protein AP17, HA2 17 kDa subunit, Plasma membrane adaptor AP-2 17 kDa protein, Sigma2-adaptin, AP2S1 (HGNC:565), AP17, CLAPS2

Calculated MW 17 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000
IHC 1:50-1:200
IP 1:50

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from AP2S1

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name AP2S1 (HGNC:565)

Synonyms AP17, CLAPS2

Function

Component of the adaptor protein complex 2 (AP-2). Adaptor protein complexes function in protein transport via transport vesicles in different membrane traffic pathways. Adaptor protein complexes are vesicle coat components and appear to be involved in cargo selection and vesicle formation. AP-2 is involved in clathrin-dependent endocytosis in which cargo proteins are incorporated into vesicles surrounded by clathrin (clathrin-coated vesicles, CCVs) which are destined for fusion with the early endosome. The clathrin lattice serves as a mechanical scaffold but is itself unable to bind directly to membrane components. Clathrin-associated adaptor protein (AP) complexes which can bind directly to both the clathrin lattice and to the lipid and protein components of membranes are considered to be the major clathrin adaptors contributing the CCV formation. AP-2 also serves as a cargo receptor to selectively sort the membrane proteins involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis. AP-2 seems to play a role in the recycling of synaptic vesicle membranes from the presynaptic surface. AP-2 recognizes Y-X-X-[FILMV] (Y-X-X-Phi) and [ED]-X-X-X-L- [LI] endocytosis signal motifs within the cytosolic tails of transmembrane cargo molecules. AP-2 may also play a role in maintaining normal post-endocytic trafficking through the ARF6-regulated, non- clathrin pathway. The AP-2 alpha and AP-2 sigma subunits are thought to contribute to the recognition of the [ED]-X-X-X-L-[LI] motif (By similarity). May also play a role in extracellular calcium homeostasis.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63010}. Membrane, coated pit; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=AP-2 appears to be excluded from internalizing CCVs and to disengage from sites of endocytosis seconds before internalization of the nascent CCV {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63010}

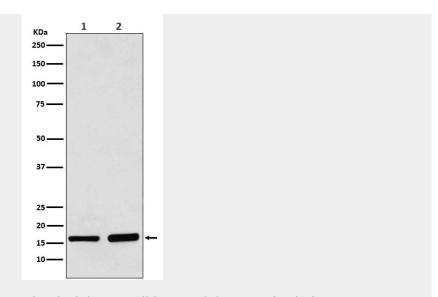
Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-AP2S1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of AP2S1 expression in (1) 293 cell lysate; (2) Mouse brain lysate.