

# Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO16798

### **Specification**

# Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P35222
Host Rabbit Isotype Rabbit IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

# Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID 1499** 

#### **Other Names**

Catenin beta-1 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2514}, Beta-catenin, CTNNB1 (<a href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\_symbol\_report?hgnc\_id=2514" target="\_blank">HGNC:2514</a>), CTNNB

# **Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:2000

#### **Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

#### **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45)

### **Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

# Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information



## Name CTNNB1 (HGNC:2514)

## **Synonyms CTNNB**

#### **Function**

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Key downstream component of the canonical Wnt signaling pathway (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17524503" target=" blank">17524503</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18077326" target="blank">18077326</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target="blank">18086858</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target="_blank">18957423</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target="blank">21262353</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target="blank">22155184</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22647378" target=" blank">22647378</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22699938" target=" blank">22699938</a>). In the
absence of Wnt, forms a complex with AXIN1, AXIN2, APC, CSNK1A1 and GSK3B that promotes
phosphorylation on N- terminal Ser and Thr residues and ubiquitination of CTNNB1 via BTRC and
its subsequent degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17524503" target="_blank">17524503</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18077326" target=" blank">18077326</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target=" blank">18086858</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target="blank">18957423</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target="blank">21262353</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target="_blank">22155184</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22647378" target="blank">22647378</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22699938" target="_blank">22699938</a>). In the
presence of Wnt ligand, CTNNB1 is not ubiquitinated and accumulates in the nucleus, where it acts
as a coactivator for transcription factors of the TCF/LEF family, leading to activate Wnt responsive
genes (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17524503"
target=" blank">17524503</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18077326"
target="blank">18077326</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858"
target="blank">18086858</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423"
target="blank">18957423</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353"
target="blank">21262353</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184"
target="blank">22155184</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22647378"
target=" blank">22647378</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22699938"
target="blank">22699938</a>). Also acts as a coactivator for other transcription factors, such
as NR5A2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22187462"
target=" blank">22187462</a>). Promotes epithelial to mesenchymal transition/mesenchymal to
epithelial transition (EMT/MET) via driving transcription of CTNNB1/TCF-target genes (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29910125" target="_blank">29910125</a>). Involved in
the regulation of cell adhesion, as component of an E-cadherin:catenin adhesion complex (By
similarity). Acts as a negative regulator of centrosome cohesion (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18086858" target=" blank">18086858</a>). Involved in
the CDK2/PTPN6/CTNNB1/CEACAM1 pathway of insulin internalization (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353" target=" blank">21262353</a>). Blocks
anoikis of malignant kidney and intestinal epithelial cells and promotes their
anchorage-independent growth by down-regulating DAPK2 (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18957423" target=" blank">18957423</a>). Disrupts PML
function and PML- NB formation by inhibiting RANBP2-mediated sumoylation of PML (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155184" target=" blank">22155184</a>). Promotes
neurogenesis by maintaining sympathetic neuroblasts within the cell cycle (By similarity). Involved
in chondrocyte differentiation via interaction with SOX9: SOX9-binding competes with the binding
sites of TCF/LEF within CTNNB1, thereby inhibiting the Wnt signaling (By similarity). Acts as a
positive regulator of odontoblast differentiation during mesenchymal tooth germ formation, via
promoting the transcription of differentiation factors such as LEF1, BMP2 and BMP4 (By similarity).
Activity is repressed in a MSX1-mediated manner at the bell stage of mesenchymal tooth germ
formation which prevents premature differentiation of odontoblasts (By similarity).
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#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, Nucleus, Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B6V8E6}. Cell junction, adherens junction Cell junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B6V8E6}. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02248} Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02248}. Note=Colocalized with RAPGEF2 and TJP1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Cytoplasmic when it is un-stable (highly phosphorylated) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear translocation. Interaction with EMD inhibits nuclear localization. The majority of CTNNB1 is localized to the cell membrane. In interphase, colocalizes with CROCC between CEP250 puncta at the proximal end of centrioles, and this localization is dependent on CROCC and CEP250. In mitosis, when NEK2 activity increases, it localizes to centrosomes at spindle poles independent of CROCC. Colocalizes with CDK5 in the cell-cell contacts and plasma membrane of undifferentiated and differentiated neuroblastoma cells Interaction with FAM53B promotes translocation to the nucleus (PubMed:25183871). Translocates to the nucleus in the presence of SNAIL1 (By similarity). Ca(2+)-mediated localization to the cell membrane in dental epithelial cells is inhibited via WNT3A (By similarity). Localizes to cell-cell contacts as keratinocyte differentiation progresses (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B6V8E6, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02248, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25183871}

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in several hair follicle cell types: basal and peripheral matrix cells, and cells of the outer and inner root sheaths. Expressed in colon. Present in cortical neurons (at protein level). Expressed in breast cancer tissues (at protein level) (PubMed:29367600).

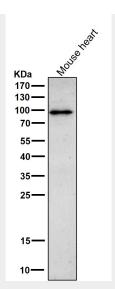
# Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin (T41 + S45) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

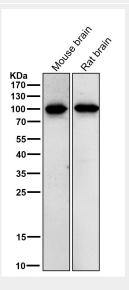
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

Anti-Phospho-beta Catenin	(T41 + S45)	) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody	y - Images
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All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.