

Bad Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10022

Specification

Bad Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality

Isotype

WB, IHC, IP Q61337.1

Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey

Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG

Bad Antibody - Additional Information

Application & Usage

Western blot analysis (1-2 μ g/ml), immunoprecipitation (4-8 μ g/ml), and Immunohistochemistry (20-40 μ g/ml). However, the optimal conditions should be determined individually. The antibody detects the 22 kDa Bad protein and it does not cross-react with related family members.

Other Names

BBC6, BCL2L8, Bcl-2-binding component 6, Bcl-2-like 8 protein

Target/Specificity

Bad

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100~\mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) antigen affinity purified rabbit anti-Bad polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 50% glycerol, 1% BSA, 0.02% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

Bad Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Bad Antibody - Protein Information

Bad Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Bad Antibody - Images

Bad Antibody - Background

The Bcl-2 (B-cell leukemia/lymphoma 2) family proteins function to either inhibit (Bcl-2 and Bcl-XL) or promote (Bax and Bad) apoptosis. Similar to other family member, Bad also exhibits sequence homology to Bcl-2. Bad can selectively dimerize with Bcl-xL and Bcl-2, but not with Bax, Bcl-xs, Mcl-1, or itself. In mammalian cells, Bad binds more strongly to Bcl-xL than Bcl-2. This may explain why Bad reverse the death repressor activity of Bcl-xL, but not that of Bcl-2