

**MyD88 Antibody**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABV10189****Specification**

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**MyD88 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q6Y1S1</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	33856

**MyD88 Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 301059

Positive Control	Rat kidney tissue lysate
Application & Usage	Western Blot analysis (0.5-4 µg/ml). However, the optimal concentrations should be determined individually. Blocking peptide is available separately.

**Other Names**

Myeloid differentiation primary response protein, MyD88

**Target/Specificity**

MYD88

**Antibody Form**

Liquid

**Appearance**

Colorless liquid

**Formulation**

100 µg (0.5 mg/ml) affinity purified rabbit anti- MyD88 polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 30% glycerol, 0.5% BSA, 5 mM EDTA and 0.01% thimerosal

**Handling**

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

-20 °C

**Background Descriptions****Precautions**

MyD88 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## MyD88 Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** Myd88

### Function

Adapter protein involved in the Toll-like receptor and IL-1 receptor signaling pathway in the innate immune response. Acts via IRAK1, IRAK2, IRF7 and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response. Increases IL-8 transcription. Involved in IL-18-mediated signaling pathway. Activates IRF1 resulting in its rapid migration into the nucleus to mediate an efficient induction of IFN-beta, NOS2/INOS, and IL12A genes. Upon TLR8 activation by GU-rich single-stranded RNA (GU-rich RNA) derived from viruses, induces IL1B release through NLRP3 inflammasome activation (By similarity). MyD88-mediated signaling in intestinal epithelial cells is crucial for maintenance of gut homeostasis and controls the expression of the antimicrobial lectin REG3G in the small intestine (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

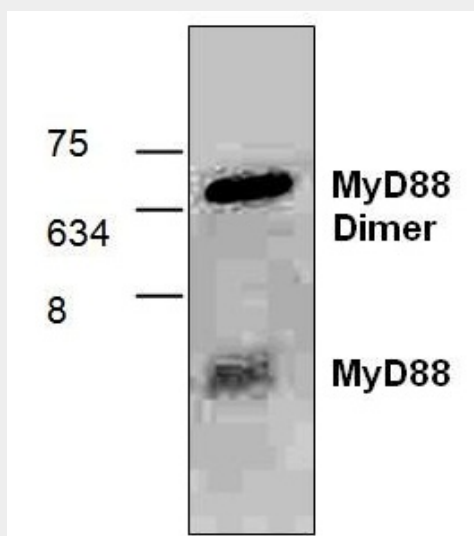
Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q99836}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q99836}

## MyD88 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## MyD88 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of MyD88 using rat kidney tissue lysate.

## **MyD88 Antibody - Background**

MyD88 was identified as an adapter molecule in the IL-1 signaling pathway. MyD88 associates with and recruits IRAK to the IL-1 receptor complex in response to IL-1 treatment. Dominant-negative form of MyD88 attenuates IL-1R-mediated NF- $\kappa$ B activation. MyD88 is also employed as a regulator molecule by IL-18 receptor and human Toll receptor, which are members in the Toll/IL-1R family of receptors. Targeted disruption of the MyD88 gene results in loss of cellular responses to IL-1 and IL-18. MyD88 is a general adaptor protein for the Toll/IL-1R family of receptors and plays an important role in the inflammatory response induced by cytokines IL-1 and IL-18 and endotoxin. MyD88 gene is expressed in many tissues.