

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10356

Specification

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC
Primary Accession P04080
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype Mouse IgG1
Calculated MW 11140

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1476

Application & Usage Western blotting (0.5-4 μg/ml) and

Immunohistochemistry (10-20 µg/ml). However, the optimal conditions should be determined individually. Recognizes human cystatin B. Does not cross-react

with cystatin A.

Other Names

Cystatin-B, CPI-B, Liver thiol proteinase inhibitor, Stefin-B, CSTB, CST6, STFB

Target/Specificity

Cystatin B

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100~\mu g$ Protein G purified mouse anti-Cystatin B monoclonal antibody (mouse IgG1) in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 30% glycerol, 0.5% BSA, 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions



Precautions

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) - Protein Information

Name CSTB

Synonyms CST6, STFB

Function

This is an intracellular thiol proteinase inhibitor. Tightly binding reversible inhibitor of cathepsins L, H and B.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) - Images

Cystatin B Antibody (Clone RJMW2E7) - Background

Cystatin B (stefin B, NCPI) is a natural inhibitor of lysosomal cysteine proteases (cathepsins). Its expression seems to be connected to the regulation of proteolysis which is essential for many physiological and pathological processes.