

Bcl-Rambo Antibody
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABV10507**Specification**

Bcl-Rambo Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P59017
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	46719

Bcl-Rambo Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 94044**Application & Usage****Western blotting (0.5-4 µg/ml). However, the optimal concentrations should be determined individually. The antibody recognizes ~56 kDa band in samples from human, mouse and rat origins. Reactivity to other species has not been tested.****Other Names**

BCL2L13 , Q9BXK5 , BCL-RAMBO , MIL1

Target/Specificity

BCL2L13

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

100 µg (0.2mg/ml) affinity purified rabbit anti-Bcl-rambo polyclonal antibody in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing 0.1% BSA, 30% glycerol, and 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions**Precautions**

Bcl-Rambo Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Bcl-Rambo Antibody - Protein Information

Name Bcl2l13

Synonyms Mil1

Function

May promote the activation of caspase-3 and apoptosis.

Cellular Location

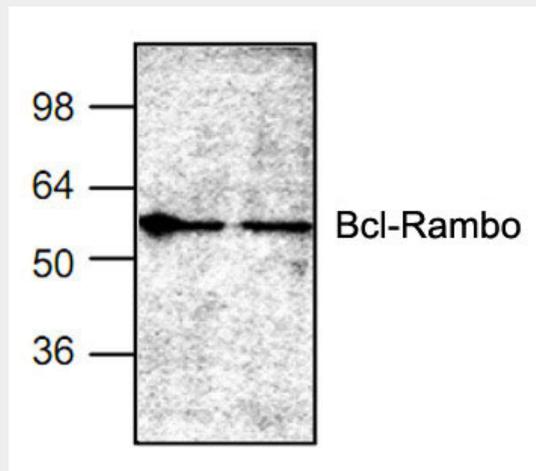
Mitochondrion membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

Bcl-Rambo Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Bcl-Rambo Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of Bcl-rambo expression in Jurkat cell lysate.

Bcl-Rambo Antibody - Background

Bcl-rambo shares the common structural characteristics with other members of the anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members, but differs from them at its C-terminus, where a 250 amino acid sequence precedes the membrane anchor region. It also differs from other pro-apoptotic Bcl-2 family

members in that its membrane anchor C-terminus region is responsible for its apoptotic activity, not its Bcl-2 homology motifs.